CHENG SHIN RUBBER IND. CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

Cheng Shin Rubber Ind. Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries Declaration of Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises

For the year ended December 31, 2021, pursuant to "Criteria Governing Preparation of Affiliation Reports, Consolidated Business Reports and Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises," the entity that is required to be included in the consolidated financial statements of affiliates, is the same as the entity required to be included in the consolidated financial statements of parent and subsidiary companies under International Financial Reporting Standards 10. Also, if relevant information that should be disclosed in the consolidated financial statements of affiliates has all been disclosed in the consolidated financial statements of affiliates has all been disclosed in the consolidated financial statements of parent and subsidiary companies, it shall not be required to prepare separate consolidated financial statements of affiliates.

Hereby declare

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

PWCR21005261

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Cheng Shin Rubber Ind. Co., Ltd.

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Cheng Shin Rubber Ind. Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries (the "Group") as at December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, based on our audits and the report of other auditors (please refer to the "other matter" section of our report), the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at December 31, 2021 and 2020, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountants in the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the report of other auditors are sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole and, in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters for the Group's financial statements of the current period are stated as follows:

Appropriateness of cut-off on sales revenue

Description

For the accounting policy of sales revenue recognition, please refer to Note 4(31). For the detail of sales revenue, please refer to Note 6(21). For the year ended December 31, 2021, the sales revenue amounted to NT\$101,536,961 thousand.

The Group's main business is the manufacturing and sales of various tires and rubber products. The main sources of sales revenue are from the assembly plants and dealers. In accordance with the contract terms with some assembly plants, as inspections are completed in the assembly plants, the transfer of control to the merchandise is completed and sales revenue is recognized. The sales revenue recognition process involves many manual controls and adjustments are likely to occur. As a result, the timing of sales revenue recognition could be inappropriate. Therefore, we included the appropriateness of cut-off on sales revenue as one of the key areas of focus for this year.

How our audit addressed the matter

The procedures that we have conducted in response to the above key audit matter are summarized as follows:

- 1. We obtained an understanding of the Group's sales revenue cycle, reviewed internal control process and contracts of assembly plant sales in order to assess the effectiveness of managements' control of revenue recognition on assembly plant sales.
- 2. We tested the Group's sales transactions around the year-end date to check whether assembly plant sales are recorded in the proper period. We also tested whether changes in inventory and cost of goods sold were carried over and recorded in the proper period in order to assess the appropriateness of cut-off on sales revenue.

Timing of reclassification of unfinished construction and uninspected equipment to property, plant and equipment.

Description

For the accounting policy on property, plant and equipment, please refer to Note 4(15). For the details of property, plant and equipment, please refer to Note 6(7). As at December 31, 2021, the unfinished construction and equipment under acceptance amounted to NT\$3,649,423 thousand.

To maintain market competitiveness, the Group continuously expands plants, replaces old production lines with new ones and incurs significant amounts of capital expenditures every year. The unfinished construction and uninspected equipment are measured at cost. When the finished construction's inspection report is issued and the uninspected equipment is ready for use, they are reclassified to property, plant and equipment and starts accrual of depreciation expense. The inspection process involves management's judgement, thus, the timing of reclassification and accrual of depreciation expense could be inappropriate. Therefore, we indicated that the audit of timing of depreciation recognition after reclassification of unfinished construction and uninspected equipment to property, plant and equipment as one of the key areas of focus for this year.

How our audit addressed the matter

The procedures that we have conducted in response to the above key audit matter are summarized as follows:

- 1. We obtained an understanding of the Group's property, plant and equipment process cycle, reviewed the internal control process and purchase contracts of property, plant and equipment in order to assess the effectiveness of managements' control of timing of reclassification of unfinished construction and uninspected equipment to property, plant and equipment.
- 2. We tailored our audit over fixed asset classification to check whether reclassification of assets are accurate and recorded in the proper period.
- 3. We verified the status of unfinished construction and uninspected equipment and assessed the reasonableness of the recognition of unfinished construction and uninspected equipment.

Other matter – Scope of the audit

We did not audit the financial statements of certain consolidated subsidiaries, which statements reflect total assets of NT\$15,603,772 thousand and NT\$5,525,613 thousand, constituting 10% and 4% of the consolidated total assets as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, and the total liabilities of NT\$6,262,422 thousand and NT\$1,874,180 thousand, constituting 9% and 3% of the consolidated total liabilities as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, and total operating revenues of NT\$14,190,179 thousand and NT\$5,323,093 thousand, constituting 14% and 6% of consolidated total net operating revenue for the years then ended, respectively. Those financial statements and the information disclosed in Note 13 were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion expressed herein is based solely on the audit reports of the other auditors.

Other matter – Parent company only financial statements

We have audited and expressed an unqualified opinion with other matter paragraph on the parent company only financial statements of the Group as at and for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the consolidated financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including the audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease

to continue as a going concern.

- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Wu, Yu-Lung

Chou, Chien-Hung

For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan

March 24, 2022

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and independent auditors' report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

	Assets	Notes	 December 31, 2021 AMOUNT	%	 December 31, 2020 AMOUNT) %
	Current assets		 AMOUNI		 AMOUNT	
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$ 25,927,827	17	\$ 19,112,521	13
1110	Financial assets at fair value through	6(2)	, ,		, ,	
	profit or loss - current		17,648	-	820	-
1120	Financial assets at fair value through	6(3)				
	other comprehensive income - curren		23,083	-	29,817	-
1150	Notes receivable, net	6(4)	2,879,178	2	4,544,057	3
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(4)	9,098,208	6	9,472,839	6
1180	Accounts receivable - related parties	7	39,826	-	43,474	-
130X	Inventories	6(5)	20,356,688	14	18,287,216	12
1410	Prepayments		983,829	1	1,142,851	1
1470	Other current assets		489,599	-	269,297	-
11XX	Current Assets		 59,815,886	40	 52,902,892	35
	Non-current assets		 <u> </u>		 <u> </u>	
1517	Financial assets at fair value through	6(3)				
	other comprehensive income - non-					
	current		58,187	-	58,187	-
1550	Investments accounted for under	6(6)				
	equity method		180,417	-	172,981	-
1600	Property, plant and equipment, net	6(7)	81,500,318	55	89,547,273	59
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(8)	4,968,286	3	5,278,546	4
1760	Investment property, net	6(9)	506,016	-	531,097	-
1840	Deferred income tax assets	6(27)	2,217,728	2	1,921,209	1
1900	Other non-current assets	6(10)	475,159	-	912,968	1
15XX	Non-current assets		 89,906,111	60	 98,422,261	65
1XXX	Total assets		\$ 149,721,997	100	\$ 151,325,153	100
			 ,,,		 ,,	

<u>CHENG SHIN RUBBER IND. CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES</u> <u>CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS</u> <u>DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020</u> (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

(Continued)

	Liabilities and Equity	Notes		December 31, 2021 AMOUNT	%	. <u> </u>	December 31, 2020 AMOUNT	%
	Current liabilities				/0			
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(11)	\$	9,365,279	6	\$	7,222,391	5
2130	Current contract liabilities	6(21)	+	1,047,574	1	*	1,149,282	1
2150	Notes payable			320,028	-		157,811	-
2170	Accounts payable			7,536,483	5		8,442,030	5
2200	Other payables	6(12)		5,406,529	4		5,557,536	4
2230	Current income tax liabilities	6(27)		1,021,430	1		1,345,258	1
2280	Current lease liabilities	7		171,384	-		179,624	-
2320	Long-term liabilities, current portion	6(14)(15) and 7		10,113,518	7		9,765,552	7
2399	Other current liabilities, others	6(13)		359,170	-		575,525	-
21XX	Current Liabilities			35,341,395	24		34,395,009	23
	Non-current liabilities						i	
2530	Corporate bonds payable	6(14)		10,500,000	7		8,500,000	6
2540	Long-term borrowings	6(15) and 7		18,265,160	12		22,940,974	15
2550	Provisions for liabilities - non-current	;		167,859	-		144,918	-
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities	6(27)		996,009	1		1,076,640	1
2580	Non-current lease liabilities	7		384,974	-		534,727	-
2600	Other non-current liabilities	6(16)		2,589,232	2		2,757,604	2
25XX	Non-current liabilities			32,903,234	22		35,954,863	24
2XXX	Total Liabilities			68,244,629	46		70,349,872	47
	Equity							
	Equity attributable to owners of							
	parent							
	Share capital	6(17)						
3110	Share capital - common stock			32,414,155	22		32,414,155	21
	Capital surplus	6(18)						
3200	Capital surplus			67,770	-		53,267	-
	Retained earnings	6(19)						
3310	Legal reserve			16,132,580	11		15,533,661	10
3320	Special reserve			6,611,296	4		6,904,245	5
3350	Unappropriated retained earnings			33,280,806	22		32,143,063	21
	Other equity interest	6(20)						
3400	Other equity interest		(7,588,138) (5)	(6,611,296) (4)
31XX	Equity attributable to owners of							
	the parent			80,918,469	54		80,437,095	53
36XX	Non-controlling interest			558,899	-		538,186	-
3XXX	Total equity			81,477,368	54		80,975,281	53
	Significant contingent liabilities and	9						
	unrecognised contract commitments							
	Significant events after the balance							
	sheet date							
3X2X	Total liabilities and equity		\$	149,721,997	100	\$	151,325,153	100

<u>CHENG SHIN RUBBER IND. CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES</u> <u>CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS</u> <u>DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020</u> (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

<u>CHENG SHIN RUBBER IND. CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES</u> <u>CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME</u> <u>YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020</u> (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except earnings per share)

			Year ended December 31				
				2021		2020	
	Items	Notes		AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%
4000	Sales revenue	6(21) and 7	\$	101,536,961	100 \$	96,209,056	100
5000	Operating costs	6(5)	(79,149,642) (78) (72,220,406) (75)
5900	Net operating margin			22,387,319	22	23,988,650	25
	Operating expenses	7					
6100	Selling expenses		(6,774,700)(7) (7,272,906) (7)
6200	General and administrative expenses		(3,602,158) (3) (3,540,352) (4)
6300	Research and development expenses		(4,356,650) (4) (4,578,667) (5)
6000	Total operating expenses		(14,733,508) (14) (15,391,925) (16)
6900	Operating profit			7,653,811	8	8,596,725	9
	Non-operating income and expenses						
7100	Interest income	6(22)		162,307	-	259,135	-
7010	Other income	6(23)		632,264	1	1,005,988	1
7020	Other gains and losses	6(24) and 10	(781,185) (1)(697,239) (1)
7050	Finance costs	6(25) and 7	(530,597) (1)(1,026,423) (1)
7060	Share of profit of associates and	6(6)					
	joint ventures accounted for under						
	equity method			19,401		18,520	-
7000	Total non-operating income and						
	expenses		(497,810) (1) (440,019) (1)
7900	Profit before income tax			7,156,001	7	8,156,706	8
7950	Income tax expense	6(27)	(1,861,151)(2) (2,155,503) (2)
8200	Profit for the year		\$	5,294,850	5 \$	6,001,203	6

(Continued)

<u>CHENG SHIN RUBBER IND. CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES</u> <u>CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME</u> <u>YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020</u> (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except earnings per share)

8349 Income tax related to components of 6(27) other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or	
Other comprehensive income Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss 8311 Other comprehensive income, before 6(16) tax, actuarial gains on defined benefit plans benefit plans \$ 81,712 - \$ 1,2 8316 Unrealized gain on valuation of 6(3)(20) equity instruments at fair value (6,734) - 3,8 through profit or loss (6,734) - 3,8 8320 Share of other comprehensive 6(6) income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity wethures accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss 8349 Income tax related to components of 6(27) other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss loss <u>56,671</u> 8310 Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss income that will be reclassified to <u>56,671</u> profit or loss <u>56,671</u> 8361 Financial statements translation 6(20) differences of foreign operations (1,216,765) (1) 8399	67 -
Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss 8311 Other comprehensive income, before 6(16) tax, actuarial gains on defined benefit plans \$81,712 - \$1,2 8316 Unrealized gain on valuation of 6(3)(20) equity instruments at fair value through profit or loss (66) income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (1,965) - (58 8349 Income tax related to components of 6(27) other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (16,342) - (22 8310 Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss 56,671 - 4,3 Components of other comprehensive income tax values to profit or loss (1,216,765) (1) 347,7 839 Income tax relating to the 6(20) differences of foreign operations (1,216,765) (1) 347,7 839 Income tax will be reclassified to profit or loss	
income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss 8311 Other comprehensive income, before 6(16) tax, actuarial gains on defined benefit plans \$81,712 - \$1,2 8316 Unrealized gain on valuation of 6(3)(20) equity instruments at fair value through profit or loss (6,734) - 3,8 8320 Share of other comprehensive 6(6) income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (1,965) - (5 8349 Income tax related to components of 6(27) other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss <u>56,671</u> - 4.3 8310 Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss <u>56,671</u> - 4.3 8361 Financial statements translation 6(20) differences of foreign operations (1,216,765) (1) 347,73 8399 Income tax relating to the 6(20)(27) components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to	
profit or loss 8311 Other comprehensive income, before 6(16) tax, actuarial gains on defined benefit plans \$ 81,712 - \$ 1,2 8316 Unrealized gain on valuation of 6(3)(20) equity instruments at fair value (6,734) - 3,8 through profit or loss (6,6,734) - 3,8 8320 Share of other comprehensive 6(6) income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (1,965) - (23 8349 Income tax related to components of 6(27) other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss loss (
8311Other comprehensive income, before 6(16) tax, actuarial gains on defined benefit plans $\$$ $\$1,712$ $\$$ $1,2$ 8316Unrealized gain on valuation of equity instruments at fair value through profit or loss $(6,3)(20)$ equity instruments at fair value through profit or loss $(6,734)$ $ 3,8$ 8320Share of other comprehensive oncome of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss $(1,965)$ $ (2,2)$ 8349Income tax related to components of $6(27)$ other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss $(16,342)$ $ (2,2)$ 8310Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss $56,671$ $ 4,3$ 8361Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations differences of foreign operations $6(20)(27)$ components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss $347,7$	
tax, actuarial gains on defined benefit plans \$ 81,712 - \$ 1,2 8316 Urrealized gain on valuation of 6(3)(20) equity instruments at fair value through profit or loss (6,734) - 3,8 8320 Share of other comprehensive 6(6) income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (1,965) - (5 8349 Income tax related to components of 6(27) other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (16,342) - (2 8310 Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss _ 56,671 - 4,3 8361 Financial statements translation 6(20) differences of foreign operations (1,216,765) (1) 347,7 8399 Income tax relating to the 6(20)(27) components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to	
benefit plans \$ 81,712 - \$ 1,2 8316 Unrealized gain on valuation of 6(3)(20) equity instruments at fair value through profit or loss (66) income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (1,965) - (58) 8349 Income tax related to components of 6(27) other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (16,342) - (22) 8310 Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (16,342) - (23) 8310 Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (16,342) - (23) 8310 Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (16,342) - (23) 8361 Financial statements translation 6(20) differences of foreign operations (12,216,765) (1) 347,7 8399 Income tax relating to the 6(20)(27) components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to	
 8316 Unrealized gain on valuation of 6(3)(20) equity instruments at fair value through profit or loss (66) income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (1,965) - (58) 8349 Income tax related to components of 6(27) other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (16,342) - (22) 8310 Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss 56,671 - 4,3 8361 Financial statements translation 6(20) differences of foreign operations (1,216,765) (1) 347,7 8399 Income tax relating to the components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to 	
equity instruments at fair value through profit or loss (66) income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (1,965) - (25) 8349 Income tax related to components of 6(27) other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (16,342) - (25) 8310 Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss 56,671 - 4,35 Components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss 56,671 - 4,35 8361 Financial statements translation 6(20) differences of foreign operations (1,216,765) (1) 347,77 8399 Income that will be reclassified to	32 -
through profit or loss (6,734) - 3,8 8320 Share of other comprehensive for comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (1,965) - (5 8349 Income tax related to components of 6(27) other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (16,342) - (2 8310 Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss 56,671 - 4,3 8310 Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss 56,671 - 4,3 8361 Financial statements translation 6(20) differences of foreign operations 6(20)(27) components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss 56,671 - 4,3 8399 Income tax relating to the 6(20)(27) components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to - 347,7	32 -
 8320 Share of other comprehensive 6(6) income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (1,965) - (58349) Income tax related to components of 6(27) other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (16,342) - (28310) Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (16,342) - (28310) Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (16,342) - (28310) Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (16,342) - (28310) Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (16,671) - (4,370) (16,765) (170) (17	
income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (1,965) - (58349) Income tax related to components of 6(27) other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (16,342) - (28310) Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss 56,671 - 4,3 Components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss 8361 Financial statements translation 6(20) differences of foreign operations (1,216,765) (1) 347,7 8399 Income tax relating to the 6(20)(27) components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to	
 ventures accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss 8349 Income tax related to components of 6(27) other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss 8310 Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss 8310 Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss 8361 Financial statements translation 6(20) differences of foreign operations 8361 Financial statements translation 6(20) components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to 	
method, components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (1,965) - (58 8349 Income tax related to components of 6(27) other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (<u>16,342</u>) - (<u>28</u> 8310 Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss <u>56,671</u> - <u>4,3</u> Components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss 8361 Financial statements translation 6(20) differences of foreign operations (1,216,765) (1) 347,7 8399 Income tax relating to the 6(20)(27) components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to	
comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (1,965) - (5 8349 Income tax related to components of 6(27) other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (<u>16,342</u>) - (<u>22</u> 8310 Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss <u>56,671</u> - <u>4,3</u> Components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss 8361 Financial statements translation 6(20) differences of foreign operations (1,216,765) (1) 347,7 8399 Income tax relating to the 6(20)(27) components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to	
be reclassified to profit or loss (1,965) - (58349) Income tax related to components of 6(27) other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (16,342) - (22 8310 Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss 56,671 - 4,3 Components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss 8361 Financial statements translation 6(20) differences of foreign operations (1,216,765) (1) 347,7 8399 Income tax relating to the 6(20)(27) components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to	
 8349 Income tax related to components of 6(27) other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (<u>16,342</u>) - (<u>2</u> 8310 Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss <u>56,671 - 4,3</u> Components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss (1,216,765) (1) 347,7 8399 Income tax relating to the 6(20) (1,216,765) (1) 347,7 	28) -
other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (<u>16,342</u>) - (<u>2</u> 8310 Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss <u>56,671</u> - <u>4,3</u> Components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss 8361 Financial statements translation 6(20) differences of foreign operations (<u>1,216,765</u>)(<u>1</u>) 347,7 8399 Income tax relating to the 6(20)(27) components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to	20)
 will not be reclassified to profit or loss 8310 Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss Components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss 8361 Financial statements translation 6(20) differences of foreign operations 8399 Income tax relating to the 6(20)(27) components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to 	
loss (16,342)	
8310 Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss 56,671 - 4,3 Components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss 8361 Financial statements translation 6(20) differences of foreign operations (1,216,765) (1) 347,7 8399 Income tax relating to the income that will be reclassified to 6(20)(27) components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to	53) -
comprehensive income that will 56,671 4,3 not be reclassified to profit or loss 56,671 4,3 Components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to 4,3 profit or loss 8361 Financial statements translation 6(20) differences of foreign operations (1,216,765)(1) 347,7 8399 Income tax relating to the 6(20)(27) components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to	
Components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss 8361 Financial statements translation 6(20) differences of foreign operations (1,216,765)(1) 347,7 8399 Income tax relating to the 6(20)(27) components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to 6(20)(27)	
Components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss 8361 Financial statements translation 6(20) differences of foreign operations (1,216,765)(1) 347,7 8399 Income tax relating to the 6(20)(27) components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to 6(20)(27)	58 -
profit or loss 8361 Financial statements translation 6(20) differences of foreign operations (1,216,765)(1) 347,7 8399 Income tax relating to the 6(20)(27) components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to 6(20)(27)	
8361 Financial statements translation 6(20) differences of foreign operations (1,216,765) (1) 347,7 8399 Income tax relating to the of the comprehensive income that will be reclassified to 6(20)(27) 347,7	
differences of foreign operations (1,216,765) (1) 347,7 8399 Income tax relating to the 6(20)(27) components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to	
8399 Income tax relating to the 6(20)(27) components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to	
components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to	03 1
income that will be reclassified to	
profit or loss 242 527 - (72 2	
	<u>57) </u>
8360 Components of other	
comprehensive (loss) income that	
will be reclassified to profit or loss $(974, 238) (1) 275, 4$	36 1
8300 Other comprehensive (loss) income	
for the year $(\underline{\$} 917, \underline{567})(\underline{1}) \underline{\$} 279, \underline{8}$	<u>)4 1</u>
8500 Total comprehensive income for the	
year <u>\$ 4,377,283</u> <u>4</u> <u>\$ 6,281,0</u>	<u>)7</u> <u>7</u>
Profit, attributable to:	
8610 Owners of the parent \$ 5,270,007 5 \$ 5,988,7	
8620 Non-controlling interest 24,843 - 12,5	.)1 -
<u>\$5,294,850</u> <u>5</u> <u>\$6,001,2</u>	
Comprehensive income (loss)	
attributable to:	
8710 Owners of the parent \$ 4,356,570 4 \$ 6,282,1	03 6
	<u>03</u> <u>6</u> 3777
<u>\$ 4,377,283</u> <u>4</u> <u>\$ 6,281,0</u>	03 6 37 7 30) -
— • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	03 6 37 7 30) -
Earnings per share (in dollars)	03 6 37 7 30) -
9750 Basic earnings per share 6(28) \$ 1.63 \$	$ \begin{array}{c} $
	03 6 37 7 30) -
9850 Diluted earnings per share 6(28) \$ 1.62 \$	$ \begin{array}{c} $

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CHENG SHIN RUBBER IND. CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

					0 210 1			Equity attributable	Retained Earni		04	Other equity interest						
	Notes	Share capital - common stock	Treasury stock transactions		Capital Surplus	Donated as received		Legal reserve	Retained Earni Special reserve	unappropriated retained earnings	Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations	Unre (lo fina mea value corr	est ealised gains ssses) from nncial assets sured at fair through other nprehensive income		Total	Nor	-controlling interest	Total equity
-																		
Year ended December 31,2020 Balance at January 1, 2020		¢ 22 414 155	¢ 0.770	¢	42, 204	¢		¢15 106 070	¢5 200 200	¢ 21 445 021	(\$ 6.921.515)	¢	17 070	¢	77 205 692	¢	E7E 004	¢ 77.070.697
		\$ 32,414,155	\$ 9,772	Þ	42,804	þ	-	\$15,186,978	\$5,200,298	<u>\$ 31,445,921</u>	(\$ 6,921,515)	\$	17,270	\$	77,395,683	\$	575,004	\$ 77,970,687
Profit for the year	((20))	-	-		-		-	-	-	5,988,702	-		-		5,988,702		12,501	6,001,203
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year	6(20)		<u> </u>		-		-			486	289,067		3,882		293,435	(13,631)	279,804
Total comprehensive income (loss)			<u> </u>				-			5,989,188	289,067		3,882		6,282,137	(1,130)	6,281,007
Appropriation and distribution of 2019 earnings:																		
Legal reserve		-	-		-		-	346,683	-	(2.1.,111	-		-		-		-	-
Special reserve		-	-		-		-	-	1,703,947		-		-		-		-	-
Cash dividends	6(19)	-	-		-		-	-	-	(3,241,416)	-		-	(3,241,416)		-	(3,241,416
Cash dividends paid to non-controlling interest		-	-		-		-	-	-	-	-		-		-	(35,688)	(35,688
Capital surplus arising from donated assets					-		691						-		691		-	691
Balance at December 31, 2020		\$ 32,414,155	\$ 9,772	\$	42,804	\$	691	\$ 15,533,661	\$6,904,245	\$ 32,143,063	(\$ 6,632,448)	\$	21,152	\$	80,437,095	\$	538,186	\$ 80,975,281
Year ended December 31,2021																		
Balance at January 1, 2021		\$ 32,414,155	\$ 9,772	\$	42,804	\$	691	\$15,533,661	\$6,904,245	\$ 32,143,063	$(\underline{\$ 6,632,448})$	\$	21,152	\$	80,437,095	\$	538,186	\$ 80,975,281
Profit for the year		-	-		-		-	-	-	5,270,007	-		-		5,270,007		24,843	5,294,850
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year	6(20)				-		-			63,405	(970,108)	(6,734)	(913,437)	(4,130)	(917,567
Total comprehensive income (loss)							-			5,333,412	(970,108)	(6,734)		4,356,570		20,713	4,377,283
Appropriation and distribution of 2020 earnings:																		
Legal reserve		-	-		-		-	598,919	-	(598,919)	-		-		-		-	-
Special reserve		-			-		-	-	(292,949)	292,949	-		-				-	-
Cash dividends	6(19)	-	-		-		-	-	-	(3,889,699)	-		-	(3,889,699)		-	(3,889,699
Capital surplus arising from donated assets					-	14	, 503						-		14,503		-	14,503
Balance at December 31, 2021		\$ 32,414,155	\$ 9,772	\$	42,804	\$ 15	194	\$16,132,580	\$6,611,296	\$ 33,280,806	(\$ 7,602,556)	\$	14,418	\$	80,918,469	\$	558,899	\$ 81,477,368

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CHENG SHIN RUBBER IND. CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			Year ended I	December 31		
	Notes		2021		2020	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		.	T 154 001	.	0 454 504	
Profit before tax		\$	7,156,001	\$	8,156,706	
Adjustments						
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)			10 051 600			
Depreciation	6(7)(26)		10,851,680		11,634,602	
Depreciation on right-of-use assets	6(8)(26)		280,706		290,531	
Depreciation on investment property	6(9)(26)		23,245		22,994	
Amortization expense	6(10)(26)		86,228		98,712	
Expected credit loss	12(2)		580		46,173	
Share of profit of associates and joint ventures	6(6)					
accounted for using equity method		(19,401)	(18,520)	
Net gain on financial assets or liabilities at fair value	6(2)(24)					
through profit or loss			2,687		756	
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	6(7)(24)		74,456		35,960	
Reversal of impairment loss on non-financial assets	6(7)		-	(956)	
Interest expense	6(7)(25)		530,597		1,026,423	
Interest income	6(22)	(162,307)	(259,135)	
Deferred government grants revenue		(161,007)	(147,309)	
Unrealized foreign exchange loss on long-term						
foreign currency loans			384,207		2,671	
Disaster loss	6(5)(7)(24) and 10		-		279	
Compensation revenue from levy of right-of-use			-	(13,982)	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities						
Changes in operating assets						
Net changes in financial assets at fair value through						
profit or loss		(19,515)	(1,576)	
Notes receivable, net			1,664,879	Ì	782,604)	
Accounts receivable			374,745	Ì	580,917)	
Accounts receivable - related parties			3,648	`	10,579	
Inventories		(2,069,472)		375,519	
Prepayments		(155,417		65,684	
Other current assets		(115,640)		556,348	
Other non-current assets		C	485,385	(18,601)	
Changes in operating liabilities			+05,505	C	10,001)	
Contract liabilities - current		(101,708)		213,663	
Notes payable		((
Accounts payable		(162,217 905,547)	(964,465)	
Other payables		(648,700 588,523	
1 5		(93,892)			
Other current liabilities		(216,354)	,	249,526	
Accrued pension liabilities		(4,662)	(135,633)	
Other non-current assets		(2,161)		2,114	
Cash inflow generated from operations			18,365,012		21,102,765	
Interest received			169,966		255,502	
Dividends received			10,000		2,500	
Interest paid		(543,269)	(1,117,009)	
Income tax paid		(2,565,097)	(1,904,517)	
Income tax refund received			58,892		60,861	
Net cash flows from operating activities			15,495,504		18,400,102	

(Continued)

CHENG SHIN RUBBER IND. CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

Year ended December 31 Notes 2021 2020 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Acquisition of property, plant and equipment 6(7)(29) (\$ 4,376,579) (\$ 6,595,878) Payment for capitalized interests 6(7)(25)(29) (18,673) (24,489) Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment 117,137 98,557 Acquisition of investment properties 6(9) 82) (Acquisition of intangible assets 6(10) 96,021) (32,680) (Increase in refundable deposits 6,676) (9,225) (Proceeds from disposal of right-of-use assets 32,515 Increase in other non-current liabilities 101,717 159,878 Net cash flows used in investing activities 4,279,095) 6,371,404) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Increase in short-term borrowings 6(11)(30) 10,559,153 14,371,207 Decrease in short-term borrowings 6(11)(30) 23,540,010) (8,053,588) (Proceeds from issuance of corporate bonds 6(14)(30) 8,000,000 Repayments of corporate bonds 6(14)(30) 2,500,000) (6,000,000) (Proceeds from long-term borrowings 6(15)(30) 4,456,021 7,927,028 Repayments of long-term borrowings 6(15)(30) 8,554,075) (10,896,382) (9,392 (Decrease) increase in guarantee deposits received 7,277) 6(30) (Decrease in payables to related parties 6(15)(30) and 7 43,413) (_ Repayments of principal portion of lease liabilities 6(8)(30) 184,827) (176,196) (6(19)(30) Cash dividends paid 3,889,699) (3,241,416) (Cash dividends paid to non-controlling interests 6(30) 35,688) _ (Capital surplus arising from donated assets 14,503 691 18,081,374) Net cash flows used in financing activities 3,703,202) Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents 697,901) 336,025) Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 6,815,306 6,388,701) (Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 6(1) 19,112,521 25,501,222 Cash and cash equivalents at end of year 6(1) \$ 25,927,827 19,112,521 \$

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CHENG SHIN RUBBER IND. CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

1. HISTORY AND ORGANISATION

Cheng Shin Rubber Ind. Co., Ltd. (the "Company") was incorporated as a company limited by shares under the provisions of the Company Act of the Republic of China (R.O.C.). The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred herein as the "Group") are primarily engaged in: (a) Processing, manufacturing and trading of bicycle tires, electrical vehicle tires, reclaimed rubber, various rubbers and resin and other rubber products; and (b) Manufacturing and trading of various rubber products and relevant rubber machinery. The Company has been listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange starting December 1987.

2. <u>THE DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUANCE OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL</u> <u>STATEMENTS AND PROCEDURES FOR AUTHORISATION</u>

These consolidated financial statements were authorised for issuance by the Board of Directors on March 24, 2022.

- 3. APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS
 - (1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC") New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC effective from 2021 are as follows:

	Effective date by					
	International Accounting					
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board					
Amendments to IFRS 4, 'Extension of the temporary exemption	January 1, 2021					
from applying IFRS 9'						
Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16, '	January 1, 2021					
Interest Rate Benchmark Reform— Phase 2'						
Amendment to IFRS 16, 'Covid-19-related rent concessions	April 1, 2021(Note)					
bevond 30 June 2021'						
Note : Earlier application from January 1, 2021 is allowed by FSC.						
The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition						
and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.						
(2) Effect of new issuances of or amendments to IFRSs as endorsed by the F	SC but not yet adopted by					
the Group						
New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC	effective from 2022 are as					
follows:						
	Effective date by					
	International Accounting					
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board					
Amendments to IFRS 3, 'Reference to the conceptual framework'	January 1, 2022					
Amendments to IAS 16, 'Property, plant and equipment:proceeds	January 1, 2022					
before intended use'						
Amendments to IAS 37, 'Onerous contracts—cost of fulfilling a	January 1, 2022					
contract'						
Annual improvements to IFRS Standards 2018–2020	January 1, 2022					
The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the	Group's financial condition					

and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

(3) IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

	Effective date by International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
	To be determined by
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of assets	International
between an investor and its associate or joint venture'	Accounting Standards
	Board
IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendment to IFRS 17, 'Initial application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 – comparative information'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Classification of liabilities as current or non-current'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Disclosure of accounting policies'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 8, 'Definition of accounting estimates'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 12, 'Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction'	January 1, 2023

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

(1) <u>Compliance statement</u>

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the FSC (collectively referred herein as the "IFRSs").

(2) <u>Basis of preparation</u>

- A. Except for the following items, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:
 - (a) Financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.
 - (b) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
 - (c) Defined benefit liabilities recognised based on the net amount of pension fund assets less present value of defined benefit obligation.
- B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

(3) Basis of consolidation

- A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:
 - (a) All subsidiaries are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.
 - (b) Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealized gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
 - (c) Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.
 - (d) Changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the parent losing control of the subsidiary (transactions with non-controlling interests) are accounted for as equity transactions, i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity.
 - (e) When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the Group remeasures any investment retained in the former subsidiary at its fair value. That fair value is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset or the cost on initial recognition of the associate or joint venture. Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss. All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the related assets or liabilities were disposed of. That is, when the Group loses control of a subsidiary, all gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary should be reclassified from equity to profit or loss, if such gains or losses would be reclassified to profit or loss when the related assets or liabilities are disposed of.

			Ownersh	nip (%)	
Name of	Name of	Main business	December	December	
investor	subsidiary	activities	31,2021	31,2020	Description
CHENG SHIN	MAXXIS	Holding	100	100	
RUBBER IND.	International	company			
CO., LTD.	Co., Ltd.				
CHENG SHIN	CST Trading Ltd.	Holding	100	100	
RUBBER IND.		company			
CO., LTD.					
CHENG SHIN	MAXXIS Trading	Holding	100	100	
RUBBER IND.	Ltd.	company			
CO., LTD.					
CHENG SHIN	CHENG SHIN	Import and	100	100	
RUBBER IND.	RUBBER USA,	export of tires			
CO., LTD.	INC.				

B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

			Ownersh	nip (%)	
Name of	Name of	Main business	December	December	
investor	subsidiary	activities	31,2021	31,2020	Description
CHENG SHIN RUBBER IND. CO., LTD.	CHENG SHIN RUBBER CANADA, INC.	Import and export of tires	100	100	
CHENG SHIN RUBBER IND. CO., LTD.	MAXXIS Tech Center Europe B.V.	Technical center	100	100	
CHENG SHIN RUBBER IND. CO., LTD.	PT MAXXIS International Indonesia	Production and sales of various types of tires	100	100	
CHENG SHIN RUBBER IND. CO., LTD.	Maxxis Rubber India Private Limited	Production and sales of various types of tires	100	100	
CHENG SHIN RUBBER IND. CO., LTD.	MAXXIS (Taiwan) Trading CO., LTD.	Wholesale and retail of tires	100	100	
CHENG SHIN RUBBER IND. CO., LTD.	PT.MAXXIS TRADING INDONESIA	Large-amount trading of vehicles parts and accessories	100	100	
CHENG SHIN RUBBER IND. CO., LTD.	Maxxis Europe B.V.	Import and export of tires	100	100	
CHENG SHIN RUBBER IND. CO., LTD.	MAXXIS RUBBER JAPAN CO., LTD.	*	100	100	Note 5
CHENG SHIN RUBBER IND. CO., LTD.	MAXXIS INTERNATIONAL MEXICO S. de R.L. de C.V.	Import and export of tires	20	20	Note 4
MAXXIS International Co., Ltd.	TIANJIN TAFENG RUBBER IND CO., LTD.	Warehouse logistics and after-sales service centre	100	100	
MAXXIS International Co., Ltd.	CHENG SHIN PETREL TIRE (XIAMEN) CO., LTD.	Production and sales of various types of tires	60	60	Note 3
MAXXIS International Co., Ltd.	MAXXIS International (HK) Ltd.	Holding company	100	100	

			Ownersh	nip (%)	
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Main business activities	December 31,2021	December 31,2020	Description
MAXXIS International (HK) Ltd.	CHENG SHIN RUBBER (XIAMEN) IND., LTD.	Production and sales of various types of tires	100	100	
MAXXIS International (HK) Ltd.	XIAMEN CHENG SHIN ENTERPRISE CO., LTD.	Production and sales of various types of tires	100	100	
MAXXIS International (HK) Ltd.	CHENG SHIN (XIAMEN) INTL AUTOMOBILE CULTURE CENTER CO., LTD.	Research, development, testing and exhibition of tires and automobile accessory products and related products, and management of racing tracks	100	100	
MAXXIS International (HK) Ltd.	CHENG SHIN RUBBER (ZHANGZHOU) IND CO., LTD.	Production and sales of various types of tires	25	25	Note 2
CST Trading Ltd.	Cheng Shin International (HK) Ltd.	Holding company	100	100	
Cheng Shin International (HK) Ltd.	CHENG SHIN TIRE & RUBBER (CHINA) CO., LTD.	Production and sales of various types of tires	100	100	
Cheng Shin International (HK) Ltd.	CHENG SHIN TOYO (KUNSHAN) MACHINERY CO., LTD.	Production, sales and maintenance of models	50	50	Note 6
Cheng Shin International (HK) Ltd.	CHENG SHIN TIRE & RUBBER (CHONGQING) CO., LTD.	Production and sales of various types of tires	30	30	Note 1
CHENG SHIN TIRE & RUBBER (CHINA) CO.,LTD.	CHENG SHIN TIRE & RUBBER (CHONGQING) CO., LTD.	Production and sales of various types of tires	70	70	Note 1

			Ownersh	nip (%)	
Name of	Name of	Main business	December	December	
investor	subsidiary	activities	31,2021	31,2020	Description
CHENG SHIN	KUNSHAN	Retail of	100	100	
TIRE &	MAXXIS TIRE	accessories for			
RUBBER	CO., LTD.	rubber tires			
(CHINA)					
CO., LTD.					
MAXXIS	MAXXIS	Holding	100	100	
Trading Ltd.	Holdings (BVI)	company			
	Co., Ltd.		05	05	
CHENG SHIN	CHIN CHOU	Retail of	95	95	
RUBBER	CHENG SHIN	accessories for			
(XIAMEN) IND., LTD.	ENTERPRISE CO., LTD.	rubber tires			
,			40	10	
CHENG SHIN	CHENG SHIN	Production and	40	40	Note 3
RUBBER	PETREL TIRE	sales of various			
(XIAMEN)	(XIAMEN) CO., LTD.	types of tires			
IND., LTD. CHENG SHIN	CHENG SHIN	International	49	49	Note 6
RUBBER	LOGISTIC	container	49	49	Note 0
(XIAMEN)	(XIAMEN) CO.,				
IND., LTD.	LTD.	transportation business			
			75	75	
CHENG SHIN	CHENG SHIN	Production and	75	75	Note 2
RUBBER	RUBBER	sales of various			
(XIAMEN) IND., LTD.	(ZHANGZHOU) IND	types of tires			
IND., LID.	CO., LTD.				
CHENG SHIN	XIAMEN ESTATE	Construction and	100	100	
RUBBER	CO., LTD.	trading of	100	100	
(XIAMEN)	CO., LID.	employees'			
IND., LTD.		housing			
MAXXIS	MAXXIS	Production and	100	100	
Holdings (BVI)	International	sales of various	100	100	
Co., Ltd.	(Thailand) Co., Ltd.				
		•••			
MAXXIS	Cheng Shin Rubber		100	100	
Holdings (BVI)	(Vietnam) IND Co.,				
Co., Ltd.	Ltd.	types of tires			
CHENG SHIN	MAXXIS	Import and	80	80	Note 4
	INTERNATIONAL	export of tires			
INC.	MEXICO S. de				
	R.L. de C.V.				

- Note 1: Cheng Shin International (HK) Ltd. and Cheng Shin Tire & Rubber (China) Co., Ltd. collectively hold 100% equity interest in Cheng Shin Tire & Rubber (Chongqing) Co., Ltd.
- Note 2: Maxxis International (HK) Ltd. and Cheng Shin Rubber (Xiamen) Ind., Ltd. collectively hold 100% equity interest in Cheng Shin Rubber (Zhangzhou) Ind. Co., Ltd.
- Note 3: Maxxis International Co., Ltd. and Cheng Shin Rubber (Xiamen) Ind., Ltd. collectively hold 100% equity interest in Cheng Shin Petrel Tire (Xiamen) Co., Ltd.
- Note 4: In March 2019, the Company established MAXXIS INTERNATIONAL MEXICO S. de R.L. de C.V. in Mexico, and remitted out investment in the amount of MXN 2,093 thousand with the subsidiary, CHENG SHIN RUBBER USA, INC., during the second quarter and third quarter of 2020, and jointly acquired 100% equity interest of MAXXIS INTERNATIONAL MEXICO S. de R.L. de C.V. The subsidiary was included in the consolidated entity in the second quarter of 2020.
- Note 5: In February 2020, the Company established MAXXIS RUBBER JAPAN CO., LTD. in Japan, and remitted out investment in the amount of JPY 50,000 thousand in April 2020, and acquired 100% equity interest. The subsidiary was included in the consolidated entity in the second quarter of 2020.
- Note 6: The entity was included in the consolidated financial statements since the Group had the power to govern the financial and operating policies under the comprehensive assessment.
- C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.
- D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.
- E. Significant restrictions: None.
- F. Subsidiaries that have non-controlling interests that are material to the Group: None.
- (4) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan dollars, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

- A. Foreign currency transactions and balances
 - (a) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.
 - (b)Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are retranslated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognised in profit or loss.
 - (c) Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through profit or loss are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in other comprehensive income. However, non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are not measured at fair value are translated using the historical exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.
 - (d) All foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of comprehensive income

within 'other gains and losses'.

B. Translation of foreign operations

The operating results and financial position of all the group entities and joint arrangements that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (a) Assets and liabilities presented in each balance sheet are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- (b) Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period; and
- (c) All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.
- (5) Classification of current and non-current items
 - A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise they are classified as non-current assets:
 - (a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realized, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
 - (c) Assets that are expected to be realized within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - (d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to settle liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.
 - B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities:
 - (a) Liabilities that are expected to be settled within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
 - (c) Liabilities that are to be settled within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - (d) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be deferred unconditionally for at least twelve months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.
- (6) Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents refer to short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits that meet the definition above and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

- (7) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss
 - A. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets that are not measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income.
 - B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
 - C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value and recognises the transaction costs in profit or loss. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value, and recognises the gain or loss in profit or loss.
 - D. The Group recognises the dividend income when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.
- (8) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income
 - A. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income comprise equity securities which are not held for trading, and for which the Group has made an irrevocable election at initial recognition to recognise changes in fair value in other comprehensive income and debt instruments which meet all of the following criteria:

- (a) The objective of the Group's business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- (b) The assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value:
 - (a) The changes in fair value of equity investments that were recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to retained earnings and are not reclassified to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends are recognised as revenue when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.
 - (b) Except for the recognition of impairment loss, interest income and gain or loss on foreign exchange which are recognised in profit or loss, the changes in fair value of debt instruments are taken through other comprehensive income. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss.
- (9) Accounts and notes receivable
 - A. Accounts and notes receivable entitle the Group a legal right to receive consideration in exchange for transferred goods or rendered services.
 - B. The short-term accounts and notes receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.
- (10) Impairment of financial assets

For accounts receivable that do not contain a significant financing component, the Group recognises the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs at each reporting date.

(11) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expire.

(12) Leasing arrangements (lessor)-lease receivables/ operating leases

Lease income from an operating lease (net of any incentives given to the lessee) is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(13) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted-average method. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials, direct labor, other direct costs and related production overheads (allocated based on normal operating capacity). It excludes borrowing costs. The item by item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and applicable variable selling expenses.

(14) Joint operation and investments accounted for using the equity method- joint ventures

The Group accounts for its interest in a joint venture using the equity method. When the transaction provides evidence of a reduction in the net realisable value of current assets or an impairment loss, all such losses shall be recognised immediately. When the Group's share of losses in a joint venture equals or exceeds its interest in the joint venture together with any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the joint venture.

- (15) Property, plant and equipment
 - A. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Borrowing costs incurred during the construction period are capitalised.

- B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.
- C. Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost model subsequently. Land is not depreciated. Other property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. Each part of an item of property, plant, and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.
- D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year-end. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', from the date of the change. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:
 - (a) Buildings and structures: $5 \sim 60$ years
 - (b) Machinery and equipment: 5 ~ 30 years
 - (c) Test equipment: 5 ~ 15 years
 - (d) Transportation equipment: $5 \sim 10$ years
 - (e) Office equipment: $3 \sim 10$ years
 - (f) Other equipment: $3 \sim 20$ years
- (16) Leasing arrangements (lessee) right-of-use assets/ lease liabilities
 - A. Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. For short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.
 - B. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the incremental borrowing interest rate. Lease payments are comprised of the following:
 - (a) Fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivable; and
 - (b) Variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate.

The Group subsequently measures the lease liability at amortised cost using the interest method and recognises interest expense over the lease term. The lease liability is remeasured and the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset when there are changes in the lease term or lease payments and such changes do not arise from contract modifications.

- C. At the commencement date, the right-of-use asset is stated at cost comprising the following:
 - (a) The amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
 - (b) Any lease payments made at or before the commencement date; and
 - (c) Any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee.

The right-of-use asset is measured subsequently using the cost model and is depreciated from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the asset's useful life or the end of the lease term. When the lease liability is remeasured, the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

D. For lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the lessee shall decrease the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and recognise the difference between remeasured lease liability in profit or loss.

(17) Investment property

An investment property is stated initially at its cost and measured subsequently using the cost model. Except for land, investment property is depreciated on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of $5 \sim 40$ years.

(18) <u>Intangible assets</u>

Computer software is stated at cost and amortised on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 2 to 5 years.

(19) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. When the circumstances or reasons for recognising impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish, the impairment loss is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortised historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognised.

(20) Borrowings

Borrowings comprise long-term and short-term bank borrowings. Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

- (21) Notes and accounts payable
 - A. Accounts payable are liabilities for purchases of raw materials, goods or services and notes payable are those resulting from operating and non-operating activities.
 - B. The short-term notes and accounts payable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.
- (22) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss
 - A. Financial liabilities are classified in this category of held for trading if acquired principally for the purpose of repurchasing in the short-term. Derivatives are also categorised as financial liabilities held for trading unless they are designated as hedges.
 - B. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial liabilities at fair value. All related transaction costs are recognised in profit or loss. The Group subsequently measures these financial liabilities at fair value with any gain or loss recognised in profit or loss.
- (23) Bonds payable

Ordinary corporate bonds issued by the Group are initially recognised at fair value less transaction costs. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is presented as an addition to or deduction from bonds payable, which is amortised to profit or loss over the period of bond circulation using the effective interest method as an adjustment to 'finance costs'.

(24) Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability specified group classified the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

(25) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and reported in the net amount in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(26) Non-hedging derivatives

Non-hedging derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and recorded as financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

They are subsequently remeasured at fair value and the gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss.

(27) Provisions

Provisions (including decommissioning) are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be reliably estimated. Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation on the balance sheet date, which is discounted using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

(28) Employee benefits

A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognized as expenses in that period when the employees render service.

- B. Pensions
 - (a) Defined contribution plan

For the defined contribution plans, the contributions are recognised as pension expense when they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent of a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments.

- (b) Defined benefit plan
 - i. Net obligation under a defined benefit plan is defined as the present value of an amount of pension benefits that employees will receive on retirement for their services with the Group in current period or prior periods. The liability recognised in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit pension plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets. The net defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The rate used to discount is determined by using interest rates of high-quality corporate bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, and that have terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the related pension liability; when there is no deep market in high-quality corporate bonds, the Group uses interest rates of government bonds (at the balance sheet date) instead.
 - ii. Remeasurements arising on the defined benefit plans are recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise and are recorded as retained earnings.
- C. Employees', directors' and supervisors' remuneration

Employees' remuneration and directors' and supervisors' remuneration are recognized as expenses and liabilities, provided that such recognition is required under legal obligation or constructive obligation and those amounts can be reliably estimated. Any difference between the resolved amounts and the subsequently actual distributed amounts is accounted for as changes in estimates.

(29) Income taxes

A. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or items recognised directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity.

- B. The current income tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the stockholders resolve to retain the earnings.
- C. Deferred tax is recognised, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated balance sheet. However, the deferred tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled.
- D. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. At each balance sheet date, unrecognised and recognised deferred tax assets are reassessed.
- E. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset on the balance sheet when the entity has the legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and they are levied by the same taxation authority on either the same entity or different entities that intend to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.
- F. A deferred tax asset shall be recognised for the carryforward of unused tax credits resulting from acquisitions of equipment or technology, research and development expenditures and equity investments to the extent that it is possible that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax credits can be utilised.

(30) Dividends

Dividends are recorded in the Company's financial statements in the period in which they are approved by the Company's shareholders. Cash dividends are recorded as liabilities.

(31) <u>Revenue recognition</u>

- A. Sales of goods:
 - (a) The Group manufactures and sells various tire and rubber products. Sales are recognised when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customer, the customer has full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.
 - (b) Sales revenue of the Group, which mainly consists of sale of various tire and rubber products, was recognised based on the contract price net of sales discount and price break. Accumulated experience is used to estimate and provide for the sales discounts and allowances and price break, and revenue is only recognised to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant

reversal will not occur. The estimation is subject to an assessment at each reporting date. A refund liability is recognised for expected sales discounts and allowances and price break payable to customers in relation to sales made until the end of the reporting period. The sales are usually made with a credit term of $30 \sim 90$ days. As the time interval between the transfer of committed goods or service and the payment of customer does not exceed one year, the Group does not adjust the transaction price to reflect the time value of money.

- (c) A receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.
- B. Property development and resale
 - (a) The Group develops and sells residential properties. Revenue is recognised when control over the property has been transferred to the customer. The properties have generally no alternative use for the Group due to contractual restrictions. However, an enforceable right to payment does not arise until legal title has passed to the customer. Therefore, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the legal title has passed to the customer.
 - (b) The revenue is measured at an agreed upon amount under the contract. The consideration is due when legal title has been transferred.
- (32) Government grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value only when there is reasonable assurance that the Company will comply with conditions attached to the grants and the grants will be received. Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises expenses for the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate. Government grants related to property, plant and equipment are recognised as non-current liabilities and are amortised to profit or loss over the estimated useful lives of the related assets using the straight-line method.

(33) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The Group's chief operating decision maker is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND KEY SOURCES OF

ASSUMPTION UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. There is no critical accounting judgement, estimates and assumptions uncertainty for the year ended December 31, 2021.

6. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS

(1) Cash and cash equivalents

	December 31,2021			ember 31,2020	
Cash on hand and revolving funds	\$	5,399	\$	3,833	
Checking deposit		1,027,830		1,217,460	
Demand deposits		20,990,802		16,478,670	
Time deposits		3,903,796		1,412,558	
	\$	25,927,827	\$	19,112,521	
Interest rate range					
Time deposits	0.09%~3.55%		0.20%~2.90%		

The Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.

(2) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

(2) <u>Financial assets at fair value through profit of foss</u> Items	December 31,202	21 December 31,2020
Current items:		
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair		
value through profit or loss		
Derivative instruments	\$ 17,64	8 \$ 820
 A. The Group recognised net loss amounting to \$2 assets mandatorily measured at fair value throug years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respective. B. The non-hedging derivative instruments transact 	gh profit or loss - derivatectively.	ive instruments for the
D. The non neaging derivative instruments transact	December	
	Contract amount	
Derivative instruments	(Notional principal)	Contract period
Current items:		
Forward foreign exchange contracts		2021/09/28~
USD enchange to NTD	USD 78,000 thousand	2022/5/4
Foreign exchange swap		2021/10/20~
USD enchange to NTD	USD 45,000 thousand	2022/5/6
	December	31,2020
	Contract amount	
Derivative instruments	(Notional principal)	Contract period
Current items:		
Forward foreign exchange contracts		2020/11/09~
USD enchange to NTD	USD 40,000 thousand	2021/3/22
Foreign exchange swap		2020/10/20~
USD enchange to NTD	USD 60,000 thousand	2021/11/8
 The Group entered into forward foreign exchange exchange rate risk of import (export) proceed contracts are not accounted for under hedge accounce. C. Information relating to credit risk of financial asset in Note 12(2). (3) <u>Financial assets at fair value through other comprehe</u> 	s. However, these forw inting. ts at fair value through p	vard foreign exchange
Items	December 31,2021	December 31,2020
Current items:		
Equity instruments		
Listed stocks	\$ 8,665	\$ 8,665
Valuation adjustment	14,418	21,152
Total	\$ 23,083	\$ 29,817
Non-current items:		
Equity instruments		

\$

58,187 \$

58,187

Unlisted stocks

- A. The Group has elected to classify equity instruments investment that are considered to be steady dividend income as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. The fair value of such investments amounted to \$81,270 thousand and \$88,004 thousand as at December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.
- B. Amounts recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are listed below:

	Yea	Year ended		ar ended
	Decemb	December 31,2021		ber 31,2020
Equity instruments at fair value				
through other comprehensive income				
Fair value change recognised in other				
comprehensive (loss) income	(\$	6,734)	\$	3,882
C. Information relating to credit risk of financial as	ssets at fair v	value through	other co	omprehensive
loss/income is provided in Note 12(2).				

(4) Notes and accounts receivable

С

	Dece	December 31,2020		
Notes receivable	\$	2,888,455	\$	4,553,334
Less: Loss allowance	(9,277)	(9,277)
	\$	2,879,178	\$	4,544,057
Accounts receivable	\$	9,162,913	\$	9,533,434
Less: Loss allowance	(64,705)	(60,595)
	\$	9,098,208	\$	9,472,839

A. The ageing analysis of accounts receivable and notes receivable that were past due but not impaired is as follows:

		Decembe	r 31,2	2021	 December	r 31,2	2020	
		Accounts			Accounts			
	1	receivable	Not	tes receivable	 receivable	Notes receivable		
Without past due	\$	7,580,524	\$	2,888,455	\$ 8,285,062	\$	4,553,334	
Up to 30 days		1,082,707		-	880,500		-	
31 to 90 days		323,352		-	212,594		-	
91 to 180 days		113,396		-	67,641		-	
Over 180 days		62,934			 87,637		_	
	\$	9,162,913	\$	2,888,455	\$ 9,533,434	\$	4,553,334	

The above ageing analysis was based on past due date.

- B. As at December 31, 2021 and 2020, accounts receivable and notes receivable were all from contracts with customers. And as at January 1, 2020, the balance of receivables from contracts with customers amounted to \$12,754,433 thousand.
- C. As at December 31, 2021 and 2020, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the Group's notes and accounts receivable was \$2,879,178 thousand and \$9,098,208 thousand; \$4,544,057 thousand and \$9,472,839 thousand, respectively.

D. Information relating to credit risk of accounts receivable and notes receivable is provided in Note 12(2).

(5) Inventories

·	December 31,2021								
		Cost		wance for ation loss	Book value				
Raw materials	\$	7,326,921	\$	_	\$	7,326,921			
Work in progress		2,116,770		-		2,116,770			
Finished goods		8,506,609	(188,147)		8,318,462			
Buildings and land held for sale		2,099,624		-		2,099,624			
Inventory in transit		494,911		_		494,911			
	\$	20,544,835	(<u>\$</u>	188,147)	\$	20,356,688			
			Decem	nber 31,2020					
			Allo	wance for					
	. <u> </u>	Cost	valu	ation loss		Book value			
Raw materials	\$	6,069,141	\$	-	\$	6,069,141			
Work in progress		2,497,417	(1,833)		2,495,584			
Finished goods		6,912,868	(98,948)		6,813,920			
Buildings and land held for sale		2,249,841		-		2,249,841			
Inventory in transit		658,730		_		658,730			
	\$	18,387,997	(<u>\$</u>	100,781)	\$	18,287,216			

The cost of inventories recognized as expense for the period:

	N	Year ended		Year ended	
	Dece	ember 31, 2021	December 31, 2020		
Cost of goods sold	\$	79,190,441	\$	72,105,934	
Unallocated overheads		-		185,460	
Others	(40,799)	(70,988)	
	\$	79,149,642	\$	72,220,406	

On September 26, 2020, a plant located in Xizhou owned by the Company absorbed some fire damage. The book value of the buildings and equipment which were damaged by the fire amounted to \$10,912 thousand. The Company has relevant property insurance and has filed a claim to the insurance company. The related losses and estimated insurance claims income are presented in net amount and are shown as losses under other gains and losses. Information relating to the fire damage is provided in Note 10.

(6) Investments accounted for using the equity method

The carrying amount of the Group's interests in all individually immaterial joint ventures and the Group's share of the operating results are summarized below:

As at December 31, 2021 and 2020, the carrying amount of the Group's individually immaterial joint ventures amounted to \$180,417 thousand and \$172,981 thousand, respectively.

		ear ended nber 31, 2021		ear ended nber 31, 2020
Share of profit of associates and joint				
ventures accounted for using the equity method	\$	19,401	\$	18,520
Other comprehensive loss- net of tax	()	1,965)	(528)
Total comprehensive income	\$	17,436	\$	17,992

(7) Poperty, plant and equipment, net

,	Year ended December 31,2021														
										Exchange rate					
	Begi	nning of period		Additions		Disposals		Transfers		differences	E	End of period			
Cost															
Land	\$	4,575,780	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	(\$	68,112)	\$	4,507,668			
Buildings and structures		50,291,676		134,191	(52,235)		1,203,796	(769,723)		50,807,705			
Machinery		105,081,676		742,858	(688,729)		1,644,484	(2,495,433)		104,284,856			
Testing equipment		4,014,621		15,206	(23,478)		123,363	(82,873)		4,046,839			
Transportation equipment		1,455,856		25,953	(46,987)		23,240	(14,356)		1,443,706			
Office equipment		1,087,554		14,462	· ·	8,590)		12,157	(20,462)		1,085,121			
Other facilities		35,467,514		1,187,802	(171,661)		829,715	(1,131,079)		36,182,291			
Unfinished construction and															
equipment under acceptance		5,346,734		2,232,667	(487)	(3,869,478)	(60,013)		3,649,423			
	\$	207,321,411	\$	4,353,139	(\$	992,167)	(\$	32,723)	(\$	4,642,051)	\$	206,007,609			
Accumulated depreciation															
Buildings and structures	(\$	20,594,065)	(\$	1,975,457)	\$	29,417	(\$	514)	\$	307,742	(\$	22,232,877)			
Machinery	(63,353,926)	(5,437,500)		487,031		79,503		1,874,378	(66,350,514)			
Testing equipment	(3,168,136)	(268,864)		22,024		-		54,686	(3,360,290)			
Transportation equipment	(1,130,596)	(89,336)		36,661		-		3,612	(1,179,659)			
Office equipment	(836,928)	(108,519)		7,984		-		18,380	(919,083)			
Other facilities	(28,425,770)	(2,972,004)		158,902	(78,989)		1,057,234	(30,260,627)			
	(\$	117,509,421)	(\$	10,851,680)	\$	742,019	\$	-	\$	3,316,032	(\$	124,303,050)			
Accumulated impairment									_						
Machinery	(\$	240,391)	\$	-	\$	57,586	\$	-	\$	1,751	(\$	181,054)			
Testing equipment	Ì	270)		-		-		-		2	(268)			
Transportation equipment	(1,970)		-		-		-		14	(1,956)			
Office equipment	(46)		-		-		-		-	(46)			
Other facilities	(22,040)		-		969		-		154	(20,917)			
	(\$	264,717)	\$	-	\$	58,555	\$	-	\$	1,921	(\$	204,241)			
	\$	89,547,273									\$	81,500,318			

	Year ended December 31,2020											
]	Exchange rate		
	Begin	nning of period		Additions		Disposals		Transfers	_	differences	E	nd of period
Cost												
Land	\$	4,610,898	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	(\$	35,118)	\$	4,575,780
Buildings and structures		49,810,262		155,961	(28,042)		617,151	(263,656)		50,291,676
Machinery		102,641,974		852,113	(471,651)		2,347,868	(288,628)		105,081,676
Testing equipment		3,869,352		41,765	(4,378)		123,973	(16,091)		4,014,621
Transportation equipment		1,428,027		21,718	(37,577)		33,587		10,101		1,455,856
Office equipment		1,054,912		32,111	(1,710)		10,102	(7,861)		1,087,554
Other facilities		33,998,456		1,400,916	(393,213)		635,985	(174,630)		35,467,514
Unfinished construction and												
equipment under acceptance		5,563,842		3,595,334	(810)	(3,768,312)	(43,320)		5,346,734
	\$	202,977,723	\$	6,099,918	(\$	937,381)	\$	354	(\$	819,203)	\$	207,321,411
Accumulated depreciation												
Buildings and structures	(\$	18,644,399)	(\$	1,929,244)	\$	10,920	\$	-	(\$	31,342) ((\$	20,594,065)
Machinery	(58,136,370)	(5,703,643)		327,741	(66)		158,412 ((63,353,926)
Testing equipment	(2,888,108)	(280,281)		2,710		-	(2,457) ((3,168,136)
Transportation equipment	(1,061,464)	(98,753)		32,744		-	(3,123) ((1,130,596)
Office equipment	(710,600)	(130,741)		1,638		-		2,775 ((836,928)
Other facilities	()	25,364,441)	(3,491,940)		354,667		_		75,944 ((28,425,770)
	(\$	106,805,382)	(\$	11,634,602)	\$	730,420	(\$	66)	\$	200,209	(<u>\$</u>	117,509,421)
Accumulated impairment												
Machinery	(\$	256,534)	\$	-	\$	19,781	\$	-	(\$	3,638) ((\$	240,391)
Testing equipment	(271)	(420)		425		-	(4) ((270)
Transportation equipment	(1,960)		-		22		-	(32) ((1,970)
Office equipment	(58)		-		13		-	(1) ((46)
Other facilities	(23,933)	(313)		2,525		-	(319) ((22,040)
	(<u></u>	282,756)	(<u>\$</u>	733)	\$	22,766	\$	-	(\$	3,994) ((<u>\$</u>	264,717)
	\$	95,889,585									\$	89,547,273

- A. On September 26, 2020, a plant located in Xizhou owned by the parent company of the Group absorbed some fire damage. The book value of the buildings and equipment which were damaged by the fire amounted to \$51,367 thousand. The Group has relevant property insurance and has filed a claim to the insurance company. The related losses and estimated insurance claims income are presented in net amount and are shown as losses under other gains and losses. Information relating to the fire damage is provided in Note 10.
- B. Amount of borrowing costs capitalized as part of property, plant and equipment and the range of the interest rates for such capitalization are as follows:

	Year er	nded		Year ended	
	December 3	31, 2021	December 31, 2020		
Amount capitalized	\$	18,673	\$	24,489	
Range of the interest rates for capitalization	3.39%~3	8.82%		3.83%~4.68%	

(8) <u>Leasing arrangements – lessee</u>

- A. The Group leases various assets including land, buildings, business vehicles, multifunction printers. Rental contracts are typically made for periods of 1 to 95 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain various terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose covenants, but leased assets of land may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.
- B. Short-term leases comprise of forklift trucks and stacking machines. Low-value assets comprise of computers.
- C. The carrying amount of right-of-use assets and the depreciation expense are as follows:

	December 31, 2021			mber 31, 2020	
	Bo	ook value	В	ook value	
Land	\$	4,477,084	\$	4,639,486	
Buildings and structures		329,562		416,568	
Machinery		12,944		17,917	
Transportation equipment		118,917		172,707	
Office equipment		3,837		6,645	
Other equipment		25,942		25,223	
	\$	4,968,286	\$	5,278,546	
	Y	ear ended	Ŷ	ear ended	
	Decen	nber 31, 2021	December 31, 2020		
	Deprec	tiation expense	Depre	ciation expense	
Land	\$	101,787	\$	104,850	
Buildings and structures		86,556		91,907	
Machinery		2,860		3,079	
Transportation equipment		75,518		74,996	
Office equipment		3,189		3,939	
Other equipment		10,796		11,760	
· -	\$	280,706	\$	290,531	

- D. For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, the additions to right-of-use assets amounted to \$60,397 thousand and \$215,312 thousand, respectively.
- E. Information on profit or loss in relation to lease contracts is as follows:

Year ended			Year ended		
Items affecting profit or loss	Decen	nber 31, 2021	December 31, 2020		
Interest expense on lease liabilities	\$	14,965	\$	14,440	
Expense on short-term lease contracts		15,892		17,215	
Expense on leases of low-value assets		2,701		3,268	
Expense on variable lease payments		175,638		237,669	
	\$	209,196	\$	272,592	

- F. For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Group's total cash outflow for leases amounted to \$394,023 thousand and \$448,788 thousand, respectively.
- G. Variable lease payments
 - (a) Some of the Group's lease contracts contain variable lease payment terms that are linked to the stored amount of tires. For the aforementioned lease contracts, up to 35.85% and 42.21% of lease payments are on the basis of variable payment terms for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 and are accrued based on the stored amount of tires. Variable payment terms are used for a variety of reasons. Various lease payments that depend on the stored amount of tires are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which the event or condition that triggers those payments occurs.
 - (b) A 1% increase in the stored amount of tires with such variable lease contracts would increase total lease payments by approximately \$1,756 thousand and \$2,377 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

	Year ended December 31,2021										
	Opening net book					Exchange		Closing net book			
	amount as at January 1		Additions Tr		Tra	Transfer		rate differences		amount as at December 31	
Cost											
Land	\$	336,421	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	336,421	
Buildings and structures		462,168		-		-	(3,275)		458,893	
	\$	798,589	\$	-	\$	-	(\$	3,275)	\$	795,314	
Accumulated depreciation											
Buildings and structures	(\$	216,454)	(<u></u> \$ 2	3,245)	\$	-	\$	1,439	(\$	238,260)	
Accumulated impairment											
Land	(<u>\$</u>	51,038)	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	(\$	51,038)	
	\$	531,097							\$	506,016	

(9) Investment property, net

		Year ended December 31,2020								
	O	pening net book					E	Exchange	Cl	osing net book
		amount as at January 1	Ad	ditions	Tra	unsfer	d	rate ifferences		amount as at December 31
Cost										
Land	\$	336,339	\$	82	\$	-	\$	-	\$	336,421
Buildings and structures		455,023				_		7,145		462,168
	\$	791,362	\$	82	\$	-	\$	7,145	\$	798,589
Accumulated depreciation										
Buildings and structures	(\$	190,168)	(\$ 2	22,994)	\$	-	(\$	3,292)	(\$	216,454)
Accumulated impairment										
Land	(\$	51,038)	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	(<u></u>	51,038)
	\$	550,156							\$	531,097

A. Rental income from investment property and direct operating expenses arising from investment property are shown below:

	Ye	ar ended	Ye	ear ended
	Decem	ber 31, 2021	Decem	ber 31, 2020
Rental income from investment property	\$	31,279	\$	28,144
Direct operating expenses arising from				
the investment property that generated				
rental income during the period	\$	23,245	\$	22,994

B. The fair value of the investment property held by the Group as at December 31, 2021 and 2020 was \$1,087,704 thousand and \$1,093,399 thousand, respectively, which were valued by independent appraisers. Valuations were made using the comparison method which is categorized within Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy.

C. The Company acquired the land in Shangmei Section, Dacun Township, Changhua County which is farming and pasturable land. The land will be registered under the Company after the classification of the land is changed. Currently, the land is under the name of related party, Mr. /Ms. Chiu. The Company plans to use the land for operational expansion. The Company holds the original ownership certificate of such land and signed a land trust agreement, which requires the nominal holder not to transfer the ownership of the land to others.

(10) Other non-current assets

	Decen	December 31,2021		
Intangible assets	\$	222,669	\$	181,768
Others		252,490		731,200
	\$	475,159	\$	912,968

Movements in intangible assets:

			Ye	ear e	ended De	cen	nber 31,2	2021			
amo	unt as								rate		losing net book amount as at
at Jar	nuary 1	A	dditions	Re	ductions	Т	ransfer	dif	ferences		December 31
\$	530,046	\$	96,021	(\$	18,373)	\$	32,723	(\$	9,536)	\$	630,881
	7,892				-		-	()	60)		7,832
\$	537,938	\$	96,021	(\$	18,373)	\$	32,723	(\$	9,596)	\$	638,713
tion											
(\$	353,013)	(\$	85,445)	\$	18,373	\$	-	\$	7,957	(\$	412,128)
(3,157)	(783)		-		-		24	(3,916)
(\$	356,170)	(\$	86,228)	\$	18,373	\$	-	\$	7,981	(\$	416,044)
\$	181,768									\$	222,669
			Ye	ear e	ended De	cen	nber 31,2	2020		_	
Opening	g net book							Ex	change	С	losing net book
									rate		amount as at
at Jar	nuary 1	A	dditions	Re	ductions	Т	ransfer	dif	ferences		December 31
-		-							ici chees		
						_			lerences		
\$	514,464	\$	32,680	(\$	12,541)		354)	(\$	4,203)		530,046
\$	514,464 7,762	\$	32,680	(\$	12,541)			(\$			530,046 7,892
\$ \$		\$ \$	32,680 - 32,680			(\$		(\$ (\$	4,203)		
. <u></u>	7,762					(\$	354)		4,203) 130	\$	7,892
\$	7,762	\$		(<u>\$</u>		(\$	354)		4,203) 130 4,073)	\$	7,892
\$tion	7,762 522,226	<u>\$</u> (\$	32,680	(<u>\$</u>	12,541)	(\$ (<u>\$</u>	354) 	(<u></u>	4,203) 130 4,073)	\$	7,892 537,938
\$tion	7,762 522,226 273,107)	<u>\$</u> (\$ (<u>32,680</u> 97,940)	(<u>\$</u> \$	12,541)	(\$ (<u>\$</u>	354) 	(<u></u>	4,203) <u>130</u> 4,073) 5,427	\$	7,892 537,938 353,013)
	amo at Jan \$ \$ tion (\$ (\$ (\$ Opening amo	$ \begin{array}{r} 7,892 \\ $	amount as <u>at January 1</u> A $ \begin{array}{c} $	Opening net book amount as at January 1 Additions \$ 530,046 \$ 96,021 $7,892$ - \$ 537,938 \$ 96,021 tion \$ 96,021 (\$ 353,013) \$ 85,445) ($3,157$) (783) (\$ 356,170) (\$ 86,228) \$ 181,768 Ye Opening net book amount as Ye	Opening net book amount as at January 1 Additions Re \$ 530,046 \$ 96,021 (\$ $\frac{7,892}{$}$ - - \$ 537,938 \$ 96,021 (\$ \$ 537,938 \$ 96,021 (\$ \$ 537,938 \$ 96,021 (\$ \$ 537,938 \$ 96,021 (\$ \$ 537,938 \$ 96,021 (\$ \$ 537,938 \$ 96,021 (\$ (\$ 353,013) (\$ 85,445) \$ (\$ 356,170) (\$ 86,228) \$ \$ 181,768 Year of Opening net book amount as Year of Year of	Opening net book amount as at January 1 Additions Reductions \$ 530,046 \$ 96,021 (\$ 18,373) $\frac{7,892}{$}$ - - \$ 537,938 \$ 96,021 (\$ 18,373) tion (\$ 353,013) (\$ 85,445) \$ 18,373 (\$ 353,013) (\$ 85,445) \$ 18,373 (\$ 356,170) (\$ 86,228) \$ 18,373 \$ 181,768 Year ended De Opening net book amount as Year ended De	Opening net book amount as Additions Reductions T at January 1 Additions Reductions T $$$ 530,046 \$ 96,021 (\$ 18,373) \$ $$$ $537,938$ \$ 96,021 (\$ 18,373) \$ $$$ $537,938$ \$ 96,021 (\$ 18,373) \$ $$$ $537,938$ \$ 96,021 (\$ 18,373) \$ tion (\$ 353,013) (\$ 85,445) \$ 18,373 \$ (\$ 356,170) (\$ 86,228) \$ 18,373 \$ (\$ 356,170) (\$ 86,228) \$ 18,373 \$ $$$ Year ended Decent Opening net book amount as Year ended Decent	Opening net book amount as Additions Reductions Transfer	amount as at January 1 Additions Reductions Transfer dif \$ 530,046 \$ 96,021 (\$ 18,373) \$ 32,723 (\$ $\frac{7,892}{$}$ - - - (\$ $\frac{7,892}{$}$ - - (\$ $\frac{18,373}{$}$ \$ $\frac{32,723}{$}$ (\$ $\frac{18,373}{$}$ \$ $\frac{32,723}{$}$ (\$ $\frac{18,373}{$}$ \$ $\frac{18,373}{$}$ - \$ $\frac{16}{$}$ (\$ 353,013) (\$ 85,445) \$ 18,373 -	Opening net book amount as Exchange rate at January 1 Additions Reductions Transfer differences \$ 530,046 \$ 96,021 (\$ 18,373) \$ 32,723 (\$ 9,536) $-7,892$ - - - (60) $537,938$ \$ 96,021 (\$ 18,373) \$ 32,723 (\$ 9,596) $537,938$ \$ 96,021 (\$ 18,373) \$ 32,723 (\$ 9,596) tion (\$ 353,013) (\$ 85,445) \$ 18,373 \$ - \$ 7,957 $(3,157)$ (-783) - - 24 $($ 356,170)$ $($ 86,228)$ \$ 18,373 \$ - \$ 7,981 $$ 181,768$ Year ended December 31,2020 Opening net book amount as Exchange	Opening net book amount as Exchange rate C rate $\underline{at January 1}$ Additions Reductions Transfer differences $\underline{differences}$ $\underline{differences}$ \$ 530,046 \$ 96,021 (\$ 18,373) \$ 32,723 (\$ 9,536) \$ $\underline{7,892}$ $- \ - \ - \ - \ - \ - \ - \ - \ - \ - \$

Details of amortisation on intangible assets are as follows:

	Ye	ar ended	Year ended		
	Decem	ber 31, 2021	December 31, 2020		
Operating costs	\$	10,830	\$	10,611	
Selling expenses		10,281		6,407	
Administrative expenses		47,442		67,409	
Research and development expenses		17,675		14,285	
	\$	86,228	\$	98,712	

(11) Short-term borrowings						
Type of borrowings	Dece	mber 31,2	2021	Interest rate	range	Collateral
Bank borrowings						
Bank unsecured borrowings	\$	9,365	,279	0.38%~5.1	0%	None
Type of borrowings	Dece	mber 31,2	2020	Interest rate	range	Collateral
Bank borrowings						
Bank unsecured borrowings	\$	7,222	,391	$0.45\% \sim 5.9$	95%	None
The abovementioned credit loan inclu (12) <u>Other payables</u>	ides the	guarante	e of en	dorsement prov	ided b	by the Group.
		_	Dece	mber 31,2021	De	cember 31,2020
Dividend payable			\$	9	\$	657
Wages and salaries payable				1,563,890		1,485,019
Payable on machinery and equipment				565,792		607,905
Employee compensation payable				291,891		249,834
Compensation due to directors				111,217		101,019
Other accrued expenses				2,873,730		3,113,102
			\$	5,406,529	\$	5,557,536
(13) Other current liabilities						
			Dece	mber 31,2021	De	cember 31,2020
Advance receipts			\$	604	\$	804
Refund liabilities				156,599		451,827
Others				201,967		122,894
			\$	359,170	\$	575,525
(14) Bonds payable						
		_	Dece	mber 31,2021	De	cember 31,2020
Bonds payable -issued in 2016			\$	-	\$	2,500,000
Bonds payable -issued in 2017				3,500,000		7,000,000
Bonds payable -issued in 2018				5,000,000		5,000,000
Bonds payable -issued in 2021				8,000,000		-
				16,500,000	,	14,500,000
Less: Current portion		(6,000,000)	(6,000,000)
			\$	10,500,000	\$	8,500,000

A. In order to fulfil its capital and repay long-term and short-term loans, the Board of Directors of the Company has resolved to issue domestic unsecured bonds ("the bonds"). The bond issuance has been approved by FSC on July 27, 2021 and completed on August 5, 2021. The bonds were fully issued and total issuance amount was \$8 billion with a coupon rate of 0.60%. The issuance period of the bonds is 5 years, which is from August 5, 2021 to August 5, 2026. The terms are as follows:

(a) Interest accrued/paid:

The interest is accrued/ paid at a single rate annually from the issue date.

(b) Redemption:

The principal of the corporate bond will be redeemed at 50% of the total amount after four and five years from the issue date.

- B. In order to meet operating capital requirements, repay debts and improve the financial structure, the Board of Directors of the Company has resolved to issue domestic unsecured bonds ("the bonds"). The bond issuance has been approved by FSC on July 16, 2018 and completed on July 25, 2018. The bonds were fully issued and total issuance amount was \$5 billion with a coupon rate of 0.87%. The issuance period of the bonds was 5 years, which is from July 25, 2018 to July 25, 2023. The terms are as follows:
 - (a) Interest accrued/paid:

The interest is accrued/ paid at a single rate annually from the issue date.

(b) Redemption:

The principal of the corporate bond will be redeemed at 50% of the total amount after four and five years from the issue date.

- C. In order to meet operating capital requirements, repay debts and improve the financial structure, the Board of Directors of the Company has resolved to issue domestic unsecured bonds ("the bonds"). The bond issuance has been approved by FSC on August 1, 2017 and completed on August 10, 2017. The bonds were fully issued and total issuance amount was \$7 billion with a coupon rate of 1.03%. The issuance period of the bonds was 5 years, which is from August 10, 2017 to August 10, 2022. The terms are as follows:
 - (a) Interest accrued/paid:

The interest is accrued/ paid at a single rate annually from the issue date.

(b) Redemption:

The principal of the corporate bond will be redeemed at 50% of the total amount after four and five years from the issue date.

- D. In order to meet operating capital requirements, repay debts and improve the financial structure, the Board of Directors of the Company has resolved to issue domestic unsecured bonds ("the bonds"). The bond issuance has been approved by FSC on September 13, 2016 and completed on September 26, 2016. The bonds were fully issued and total issuance amount was \$5 billion with a coupon rate of 0.71%. The issuance period of the bonds was 5 years, which is from September 26, 2016 to September 26, 2021. The terms are as follows:
 - (a) Interest accrued/paid:

The interest is accrued/ paid at a single rate annually from the issue date.

(b) Redemption:

The principal of the corporate bond will be redeemed at 50% of the total amount after four and five years from the issue date.

(1 -)	T .	
(15)	Long-term	borrowings
< - /		

/	Borrowing period	Interest rate		
Type of borrowings	and repayment term	range	Collateral	December 31,2021
Long-term bank				
borrowings				
Unsecured borrowings	Principal is repayable in installment until June 2029.	0.70%∼ 1.87%	None	\$ 22,204,918
Other borrowings				
Unsecured borrowings	Principal is repayable in November 2022 at	6.65%	None	
	the maturity.			173,760
				22,378,678
Less: Current portion				(4,113,518)
				\$ 18,265,160
	Borrowing period	Interest rate		
Type of borrowings	and repayment term	range	Collateral	December 31,2020
Long-term bank borrowings				
Unsecured borrowings	Principal is repayable in installment until June 2027.	0.70%∼ 4.50%	None	\$ 26,487,676
Other borrowings				
Unsecured borrowings	Principal is repayable in November 2022 at	6.65%	None	
	the maturity.			218,850
				26,706,526
Less: Current portion				(3,765,552)
				\$ 22,940,974

- A. Above mentioned borrowings are capital financings through financial institutions and other related parties.
- B. According to the borrowing contract, the Group shall calculate the financial ratios based on the audited annual consolidated financial statements and the reviewed semi-annual consolidated financial statements. The financial ratios shall be maintained as follows: at least 100% for current ratio, no more than 200% for debt-to-equity ratio, at least 150% for debt-service coverage ratio. The financial ratios as assessed in the financial statements have met the abovementioned requirements as at December 31, 2021 and 2020.
- C. The currencies and carrying amounts (in thousands of New Taiwan dollars) of the Group's long-term borrowings (including current portion) denominated in foreign currencies are as follows:

Currency	Decem	ber 31,2021	December 31,2020		
USD	\$	12,507,669	\$	13,731,157	

(16) Pensions

- A. (a) The Company has a defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Labor Standards Act, covering all regular employees' including commissioned managers service years prior to the enforcement of the Labor Pension Act on July 1, 2005 and service years thereafter of employees who chose to continue to be subject to the pension mechanism under the Labor Standard Act. Under the defined benefit pension plan, two units are accrued for each year of service for the first 15 years and one unit for each additional year thereafter, subject to a maximum of 45 units. Pension benefits are based on the number of units accrued and the average monthly salaries and wages of the last 6 months prior to retirement. The Company contributes monthly an amount equal to 2% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the retirement fund deposited with Bank of Taiwan, the trustee, under the name of the independent retirement fund committee. Also, the Company would assess the balance in the aforementioned labor pension reserve account by December 31, every year. If the account balance is insufficient to pay the pension calculated by the aforementioned method to the employees expected to qualify for retirement in the following year, the Company will make contributions to cover the deficit by next March.
 - (b) The amounts recognised in the balance sheet are as follows:

	Dece	ember 31,2021	December 31,2020		
Present value of defined benefit obligations	\$	1,170,562	\$	1,278,916	
Fair value of plan assets	(678,036)	(695,313)	
Net defined benefit liability	\$	492,526	\$	583,603	

(c) Movements in net defined benefit liabilities are as follows:

,	2021						
	Pre	esent value					
	0	f defined	Fa	ir value of	Ne	et defined	
	benef	it obligations	pl	an assets	bene	efit liability	
Balance at January 1	\$	1,278,916	(\$	695,313)	\$	583,603	
Current service cost		13,154		-		13,154	
Interest expense (income)		3,837	(2,086)		1,751	
		1,295,907	(697,399)		598,508	
Remeasurements:							
Change in demographic assumptions		979		-		979	
Change in financial assumptions	(43,632)		-	(43,632)	
Experience adjustments	(28,093)		-	(28,093)	
Return on plan asset (excluding amounts included in							
interest income or expense)		_	(10,966)	(10,966)	
	()	70,746)	(10,966)	(81,712)	
Pension fund contribution		-	(24,270)	(24,270)	
Paid pension	(54,599)		54,599		-	
Balance at December 31	\$	1,170,562	(\$	678,036)	\$	492,526	

	2020							
	Pre	esent value						
	C	of defined	Fa	ir value of	Ne	et defined		
	benefit obligations			an assets	ben	efit liability		
Balance at January 1	\$	1,351,590	(\$	653,508)	\$	698,082		
Current service cost		15,530		-		15,530		
Interest expense (income)		9,461	(4,575)		4,886		
		1,376,581	(658,083)		718,498		
Remeasurements:								
Change in financial assumptions		47,926		-		47,926		
Experience adjustments	(25,410)		-	(25,410)		
Return on plan asset								
(excluding amounts included in								
interest income or expense)			(23,783)	(23,783)		
		22,516	(23,783)	(1,267)		
Pension fund contribution		-	(125,044)	(125,044)		
Paid pension	(120,181)		111,597	(8,584)		
Balance at December 31	\$	1,278,916	(\$	695,313)	\$	583,603		

(d) The Bank of Taiwan was commissioned to manage the Fund of the Company's and domestic subsidiaries' defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Fund's annual investment and utilisation plan and the "Regulations for Revenues, Expenditures, Safeguard and Utilisation of the Labor Retirement Fund" (Article 6: The scope of utilisation for the Fund includes deposit in domestic or foreign financial institutions, investment in domestic or foreign listed, over-the-counter, or private placement equity securities, investment in domestic or foreign real estate securitization products, etc.). With regard to the utilisation of the Fund, its minimum earnings in the annual distributions on the final financial statements shall be no less than the earnings attainable from the amounts accrued from two-year time deposits with the interest rates offered by local banks. If the earnings is less than aforementioned rates, government shall make payment for the deficit after being authorized by the Regulator. The Company and domestic subsidiaries have no right to participate in managing and operating that fund and hence the Company and domestic subsidiaries are unable to disclose the classification of plan assets fair value in accordance with IAS 19 paragraph 142. The composition of fair value of plan assets as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 is given in the Annual Labor Retirement Fund Utilisation Report announced by the government.

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, the actual return on plan assets was \$13,052 thousand and \$28,358 thousand, respectively.

(e) The principal actuarial assumptions used were as follows:

	Year ended	Year ended
	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Discount rate	0.70%	0.30%
Future salary increases	3.00%	3.00%

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, assumptions regarding future mortality experience are set based on the 6th and 5th empirical life table estimation in Taiwan life insurance industry, respectively.

Because the main actuarial assumption changed, the present value of defined benefit obligation is affected. The analysis was as follows:

	Discount rate					Future salary increases			
	Increase		Decrease		Increase		D	ecrease	
	0.25%		0.25%		0.25%		(0.25%	
December 31, 2021									
Effect on present value of defined									
benefit obligation	(\$	25,473)	\$	26,377	\$	22,962	(\$	22,331)	
December 31, 2020									
Effect on present value of defined									
benefit obligation	(\$	30,281)	\$	31,415	\$	27,471	(\$	26,674)	
							••		

The sensitivity analysis above is based on one assumption which changed while the other conditions remain unchanged. In practice, more than one assumption may change all at once. The method of analysing sensitivity and the method of calculating net pension liability in the balance sheet are the same.

- (f) Expected contributions to the defined benefit pension plans of the Group for the year ending December 31, 2022 amount to \$13,256 thousand.
- (g) As of December 31, 2021, the weighted average duration of the retirement plan is 9 years. The analysis of timing of the weighted average duration of the future pension payment was as follows:

Within 1 year	\$ 135,273
2-5 years	289,387
Over 6 years	 306,008
	\$ 730,668

- B. (a) Effective July 1, 2005, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries have established a defined contribution pension plan (the "New Plan") under the Labor Pension Act (the "Act"), covering all regular employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the New Plan, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment.
 - (b) The pension costs under defined contribution pension plans of the Company and MAXXIS (Taiwan) Trading Co., Ltd. for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 were \$149,262 thousand and \$153,133 thousand, respectively.
- C. (a) The Company's mainland China subsidiaries have a defined contribution plan. Monthly contributions to an independent fund administered by the government in accordance with the pension regulations in the People's Republic of China (PRC) are based on certain percentage of employees' monthly salaries and wages. The contribution percentage for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 ranged between 14% ~ 20%. Other than the monthly contributions, the Group has no further obligations. The pension costs under defined contribution pension plans of the Group for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, were \$438,774 thousand and \$236,303 thousand, respectively.
 - (b) Other overseas entities contribute to the statutory pension insurance or pension fund for their employees based on their wages and salaries in compliance with local laws and regulations. Other than the annual contributions, the entities have no further obligations. The pension costs under the defined contribution pension plan of the Group for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 were \$68,247 thousand and \$73,898 thousand, respectively.

(17) Share capital

As at December 31, 2021, the Company's authorized capital and paid-in capital were both \$32,414,155 thousand, and all proceeds from shares issued have been collected.

(18) Capital surplus

Pursuant to the R.O.C. Company Act, capital surplus arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit. Further, the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Law requires that the amount of capital surplus to be capitalized mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. Capital surplus should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient.

(19) <u>Retained earnings</u>

- A. Under the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the current year's earnings, if any, shall first be used to pay all taxes and offset prior years' operating losses and then 10% of the remaining amount shall be set aside as legal reserve. The appropriation of the remaining amount along with the unappropriated earnings shall be proposed by the Board of Directors and resolved by the shareholders. According to the appropriation of earnings proposed by the Board of Directors, at least 10% ~ 80% of the Company's accumulated distributable earnings shall be appropriated as dividends, and cash dividends shall account for at least 10% of the total dividends distributed.
- B. Where the Company accrues annual net income, no less than 2% of which shall be appropriated as employees' compensation and no higher than 3% of which shall be appropriated as directors' and supervisors' remuneration after offsetting accumulated deficit. The employees' compensation can be appropriated in the form of shares or cash whereas the directors' and supervisors' remuneration can only be appropriated in the form of cash. The appropriations require attendance of over two thirds of Board of Directors members and approval of over the half of attendees. The resolution of Board of Directors shall be reported at the shareholders' meeting. The recipients of aforementioned employees' compensation include eligible employees of subordinate companies who meet the requirements set out by the Board of Directors.
- C. Except for covering accumulated deficit or issuing new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, the legal reserve shall not be used for any other purpose. The use of legal reserve for the issuance of stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership is permitted, provided that the distribution of the reserve is limited to the portion in excess of 25% of the Company's paid-in capital.
- D. (a) In accordance with the regulations, the Company shall set aside special reserve from the debit balance on other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings. When debit balance on other equity items is reversed subsequently, the reversed amount could be included in the distributable earnings.
 - (b) The amounts previously set aside by the Company as special reserve on initial application of IFRSs in accordance with Order No. Financial-Supervisory-Securities-Corporate-1010012865, dated April 6, 2012, shall be reversed proportionately when the relevant assets are used, disposed of or reclassified subsequently.
- E. The Company recognized dividends distributed to shareholders amounting to \$3,889,699 thousand and \$3,241,416 thousand (\$1.2 (in dollars) and \$1.2 (in dollars) per share) for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. On March 24, 2022, the Board of Directors that total dividends for the distribution of earnings for the year of 2021 was \$3,889,699 thousand at \$1.2 (in dollars) per share.

(20) Other equity items

				21					
		Unrealized gain (loss) on							
			valuation of equ	•					
		Currency	at fair value th	e					
		translation	comprehens	sive income		Total			
At January 1	(\$	6,632,448)	\$	21,152	(\$	6,611,296)			
Valuation adjustment – 0	Group	- (6,734)	(6,734)			
Currency translation diff	erences:								
– Group	(1,212,635)		-	(1,212,635			
– Tax on Group		242,527	_	-		242,527			
At December 31	(\$	7,602,556)	\$	14,418	(<u></u>	7,588,138			
			-	20					
			Unrealized g	ain (loss) on					
			valuation of equ	ity instruments					
		Currency	at fair value th	nrough other					
		translation	comprehens	sive income		Total			
At January 1	(\$	6,921,515)	\$	17,270	(\$	6,904,245			
Valuation adjustment – 0	Group	-		3,882	\$	3,882			
Currency translation diff	erences:								
– Group		361,334		-		361,334			
– Tax on Group	(72,267)		-	(72,267)			
At December 31	(\$	6,632,448)	\$	21,152	(\$	6,611,296			
21) Operating revenue									
			Year ended	Y	ear	ended			
		De	cember 31, 202	1 Decer	nber	31, 2020			
Revenue from contracts w	vith customers	s <u>\$</u>	101,536,	961 \$		96,209,056			
A. Disaggregation of reve	enue from con	ntracts with cu	istomers						
The Group derives re			f goods and ser	vices at a poin	nt in	time in the			
following and geograp									
		ear ended Dece	,						
	Taiwan	China	US	Others	· <u> </u>	Total			
Revenue from external									
customer contracts	\$ 6,751,039	\$ 49,225,93		\$ 35,830,519	\$	101,536,961			
		ear ended Deco	,	0.1					
	Taiwan	China	US	Others		Total			
Revenue from external					*				
customer contracts	\$ 6,048,080	\$ 50,584,19	9 \$ 8,012,544	\$ 31,564,233	\$	96,209,056			

B. Contract liabilities

The Group has recognised the following revenue-related contract liabilities:

	Dece	December 31, 2021		mber 31, 2020	January 1, 2020		
Contract liabilities:							
Advance sales receipts	\$	1,024,767	\$	1,118,360	\$	895,825	
Customer loyalty							
programmes		22,807		30,922		39,794	
Total	\$	1,047,574	\$	1,149,282	\$	935,619	

Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the period:

	Y	ear ended	Year ended		
	Dece	mber 31, 2021	Decen	nber 31, 2020	
Advance sales receipts	\$	837,775	\$	658,762	
Customer loyalty programmes		30,922		38,763	
	\$	868,697	\$	697,525	
(22) Interest income					
		Year ended ember 31, 2021		ear ended nber 31, 2020	
Interest income from bank deposits	\$	137,142	\$	259,135	
Interest income from financial assets					
at fair value through profit or loss		25,165		-	
	\$	162,307	\$	259,135	
(23) Other income					
	Y	ear ended	Y	ear ended	
	Decer	mber 31, 2021	Decer	nber 31, 2020	
Grant revenue	\$	396,470	\$	596,256	
Other income		235,794		409,732	
	\$	632,264	\$	1,005,988	
(24) Other gains and losses					
	Ŷ	ear ended	Y	ear ended	
	Decer	mber 31, 2021	Decer	nber 31, 2020	
Net currency exchange loss	(\$	585,874)	(\$	556,186)	

- (

74,456) (

2,687) (

118,168) (

781,185) (\$

279)

756)

35,960)

104,058)

697,239)

i tot ourreney exenange 1055
Disaster loss
Loss on disposal of property, plant and
equipment
Net loss on financial assets and liabilities
at fair value through profit or loss
Miscellaneous disbursement

(

(

(

(\$

(25) Finance costs

(23) <u>I manee costs</u>					
		Year ended		Year ended	
		December 31, 2021		December 31, 2020	
Interest expense:					
Bank borrowings	\$	389,576	\$	879,365	
Corporate bonds		134,005		146,383	
Provisions-discount		10,724		10,724	
Lease liability-interest expense		14,965		14,440	
		549,270		1,050,912	
Less: Capitalisation of qualifying assets	(18,673)	(24,489)	
Finance costs	\$	530,597	\$	1,026,423	
(26) Expenses by nature					
		Year ended		Year ended	
		December 31, 2021		December 31, 2020	
Employee benefit expense					
Wages and salaries	\$	12,016,054	\$	11,815,866	
Labour and health insurance fees		696,592		681,402	
Pension costs		671,188		483,750	
Directors' remuneration		127,130		105,099	
Other personnel expenses		829,780		753,841	
	\$	14,340,744	\$	13,839,958	
Raw materials and supplies used	\$	51,076,036	\$	46,278,620	
Depreciation expense on property, plant					
and equipment	\$	10,851,680	\$	11,634,602	
Depreciation expense on right-of-use assets	\$	280,706	\$	290,531	
Depreciation expense on investment property	\$	23,245	\$	22,994	
Amortisation expense on intangible assets	\$	86,228	\$	98,712	

- A. According to the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, a ratio of distributable profit of the current year, after covering accumulated losses, shall be distributed as employees' compensation and directors' remuneration. The ratio shall not be lower than 2% for employees' compensation and shall not be higher than 3% for directors' remuneration.
- B. For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, employees' compensation was accrued at \$130,705 thousand and \$139,544 thousand, respectively; while directors' remuneration was accrued at \$98,028 thousand and \$91,611 thousand, respectively. The aforementioned amounts were recognized in salary expenses.

The employees' compensation and directors' remuneration were estimated and accrued based on 2% and 1.5% of distributable profit of current year for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Employees' compensation for 2020 amounting to \$139,544 thousand as resolved at the meeting of Board of Directors were in agreement with those amounts recognised in the 2020 financial statements. Directors' remuneration for 2020, the difference of \$13,047 thousand between the amount (resolved at 1.5%) resolved at the Board meeting and the amount of \$91,611 thousand (provided at 1.313%) recognised in the 2020 financial statements, mainly resulting from the adjustment of accrual for directors' remuneration, had been adjusted in the profit or loss of 2021.

The employees' compensation for 2020 will be distributed in the form of cash. As of March 24, 2022, the employees' compensation for 2020 has not yet been distributed.

Information about employees' compensation and directors' remuneration of the Company as resolved by the Board of Directors will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(27) Income tax

A. Income tax expense

(a) Components of income tax expense:

<i>components of meonie tax expense.</i>				
	Year ended			Year ended
	Decer	mber 31, 2021	Dec	cember 31, 2020
Current tax:				
Current tax on profits for the period	\$	2,015,334	\$	2,569,514
Additional 5% tax on undistributed earnings		55,011		-
Prior year income tax overestimation	(58,229)	()	169,227)
Total current tax		2,012,116		2,400,287
Deferred tax:				
Origination and reversal of temporary				
differences	(150,965)	()	244,784)
Total current tax	(150,965)	()	244,784)
Income tax expense	\$	1,861,151	\$	2,155,503
Income tax expense	\$	1,861,151	\$	2,155,50

(b) The income tax (charge)/credit relating to components of other comprehensive income is as follows:

		ear ended		ear ended
	Decen	nber 31, 2021	Decer	nber 31, 2020
Generated during the period :				
Currency translation differences	\$	242,527	(\$	72,267)
Remeasurement of defined benefit				
obligations	(16,342)	(253)
Total generated during the period	\$	226,185	(\$	72,520)

D. Reconcination between income tax expense and	accounting	prom			
	Ŷ	ear ended	Year ended December 31, 2020		
	Dece	mber 31, 2021			
Tax calculated based on profit before					
tax and statutory tax rate	\$	2,259,981	\$	2,964,638	
Effect from items disallowed by tax regulation		88,099		83,540	
Income from investing overseas					
subsidiaries not recognized as deferred					
tax liabilities	(598,266)	(820,398)	
Temporary differences not recognized					
as deferred tax regulation		321,145		550,979	
Tax exempt income by tax regulation	(205,443)	(296,807)	
Effect from investment tax credits		-	(156,295)	
Prior year income tax overestimation	(58,229)	(169,227)	
Impact of change in the tax rate	(1,147)	(927)	
Additional 5% tax on undistributed earnings		55,011			
Income tax expense	\$	1,861,151	\$	2,155,503	

B. Reconciliation between income tax expense and accounting profit

C. Amounts of deferred tax assets or liabilities as a result of temporary differences, tax losses and investment tax credits are as follows:

	2021									
	January 1			cognised in ofit or loss	con	ecognised in other prehensive income	December 31			
Temporary differences:										
-Deferred tax assets:										
Unrealised gain on inter	.		(†		<i>•</i>		.			
-affiliated accounts	\$	156,234	(\$	28,548)	\$	-	\$	127,686		
Remeasurement of defined		165 540			(16240)		140 207		
benefit obligations Exchange differences on		165,549		-	(16,342)		149,207		
translation of foreign										
financial statements		1,136,794		_		242,527		1,379,321		
Deferred government grant	-	1,100,791				212,027		1,079,021		
revenue		273,596	(10,962)		-		262,634		
Unrealised exchange loss		68,818	(42,256)		-		26,562		
Others		120,218		152,100		-		272,318		
Subtotal	\$ 1	1,921,209	\$	70,334	\$	226,185	\$	2,217,728		
-Deferred tax liabilities:										
Gain on foreign long-term										
investments	(449,284)		115,209		-	(334,075)		
Adjustment of land value	,	51 (500)					,	51 4 500		
increment tax	(514,733)		-		-	(514,733)		
Others	(112,623)		34,578)		-	(147,201)		
Subtotal	(1,076,640)		80,631	<u> </u>	-	(996,009)		
Total	\$	844,569	\$	150,965	\$	226,185	\$	1,221,719		

				2	020			
						ecognised in other		
				ognised in		nprehensive	P	1 01
	J	anuary 1	pro	fit or loss		income	De	ecember 31
Temporary differences:								
-Deferred tax assets:								
Unrealised gain on inter	¢	146 222	¢	0.001	¢		ሰ	156 024
-affiliated accounts Remeasurement of defined	\$	146,333	\$	9,901	\$	-	\$	156,234
benefit obligations		165,802			(253)		165,549
Exchange differences on		105,802		-	C	233)		105,549
translation of foreign								
financial statements		1,209,061		_	(72,267)		1,136,794
Deferred government grant	-	1,209,001			(,2,207)		1,150,751
revenue		271,284		2,312		_		273,596
Unrealised exchange loss		64,214		4,604		-		68,818
Others		129,445	(9,227)		-		120,218
Subtotal	\$	1,986,139	\$	7,590	(\$	72,520)	\$	1,921,209
-Deferred tax liabilities:	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		,	<u>.</u>			, , ,
Gain on foreign long-term								
investments	(738,159)		288,875		-	(449,284)
Adjustment of land value								
increment tax	(514,733)		-		-	(514,733)
Others	(60,942)	(51,681)		_	(112,623)
Subtotal	(1,313,834)		237,194		_	(1,076,640)
Total	\$	672,305	\$	244,784	(\$	72,520)	\$	844,569

D. (a) The China subsidiary that was consolidated in the financial statements was a productive foreign enterprise and established in People's Republic of China and is eligible for local tax incentives. In line with local tax law, the tax rate and applicable tax rate was 15% and 25%, respectively.

(b) For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company's subsidiary, Cheng Shin (Thailand) eligible to avail of the local tax incentives.

E. The Company accrued deferred tax liabilities, taking into account operating result, degree of expansion and dividend policy of each overseas subsidiary. Based on the assessment, the amounts of temporary difference unrecognised as deferred tax liabilities as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 were \$50,581,303 thousand and \$47,546,817 thousand, respectively.

F. The Company's income tax returns through 2019 have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority.

(28) Earnings per share

		2021/12/31			
	Amount	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding	Earnings per share		
	after tax	(shares in thousands)	(in dollars)		
Basic earnings per share					
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$ 5,270,007	3,241,416	<u>\$ 1.63</u>		
Diluted earnings per share					
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Assumed conversion of all	5,270,007	3,241,416			
dilutive potential ordinary shares Employees' compensation		4,450			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent plus assumed conversion of all dilutive					
potential ordinary shares	\$ 5,270,007	3,245,866	\$ 1.62		
	Ye	ar ended December 31,	, 2020		
		Weighted average	г ·		
	Amount	number of ordinary shares outstanding	Earnings		
	after tax	(shares in thousands)	per share (in dollars)		
Basic earnings per share					
Profit attributable to ordinary					
shareholders of the parent	\$ 5,988,702	3,241,416	\$ 1.85		
Diluted earnings per share					
Profit attributable to ordinary					
shareholders of the parent	5,988,702	3,241,416			
Assumed conversion of all					
dilutive potential ordinary shares Employees' compensation	-	4,035			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent plus assumed conversion of all dilutive					
potential ordinary shares	\$ 5,988,702	3,245,451	\$ 1.85		
potentiai orumai y shares	, _ , _ , _ , _ ,	-,;-01			

(29) Supplemental cash flow information

Investing activities with partial cash payments :

	Year ended			Year ended	
	Dece	mber 31, 2021	December 31, 2020		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	\$	4,353,139	\$	6,099,918	
Add: Opening balance of payable on equipment		607,905		1,128,354	
Less: Ending balance of payable on equipment	(565,792)	(607,905)	
Cash paid during the year	\$	4,395,252	\$	6,620,367	

(30) Changes in liabilities from financing activities

()					2021					
	Short-term borrowings	Long-term borrowings	Bonds payable		vidends bayable	Lease liability		Guarantee deposits received		iabilities from financing ctivities-gross
At January 1	\$ 7,222,391	\$26,706,526	\$ 14,500,000	\$	657	\$ 714,351	\$	257,773	\$	49,401,698
Changes in cash flow from financing		<pre>/ / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /</pre>	• • • • • • • •			<	,		,	
activities Changes in other	2,505,565	(4,141,467)	2,000,000	(3	,889,699)	(184,827)) (7,277)	(3,717,705)
Changes in other non-cash items			-	(647)			_	(647)
Interest paid	-	-	-	C		- (14,965)		-	$\left(\right)$	14,965)
Additions	-	-	-	3	.889,699	51,851		-	C	3,941,550
Amortisation of interest	-	-	-	5	,009,099	51,651		-		5,941,550
expense Impact of changes in	-	-	-		-	14,965		-		14,965
foreign exchange rate	(362,677)	(186,381)	-	(1)	(25,017))	_	(574,076)
At December 31	\$ 9,365,279	\$22,378,678	\$ 16,500,000	\$	9	\$ 556,358	\$	250,496	\$	49,050,820
	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		-			<u> </u>	/	<u>.</u>	- , ,
					2020					
								Guarantee	L	iabilities from
	Short-term	Long-term	Bonds		vidends	Lease		deposits		financing
	borrowings	borrowings	payable		bayable	liability		received	-	ctivities-gross
At January 1 Changes in cash flow from financing	\$16,843,366	\$30,702,861	\$ 17,000,000	\$	657	\$ 708,927	\$	248,381	\$	65,504,192
activities	(9,168,803)	(2,969,354)	(2,500,000)	(3	277 104)	(176,196)		9,392	(18,082,065)
Interest paid	(9,100,005)	(2,909,554)	(2,300,000)	()	,277,104) -			9,392	$\left(\right)$	14,440)
Additions	_	_	_	3	,277,104	209,121		_	(3,486,225
Amortisation of interest	-	-	-	5	,277,104	209,121		-		3,400,223
expense	-	-	-		-	14,440		-		14,440
Impact of changes in						,				,
foreign exchange rate	(452,172)	(1,026,981)	-		-	(27,501))	-	(1,506,654)
At December 31	\$ 7,222,391	\$26,706,526	\$ 14,500,000	\$	657	\$ 714,351	\$	257,773	\$	49,401,698

7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(1) Names of related parties and relationship

(1) <u>Inames of related parties and relation</u>	<u>snip</u>									
Names of related parties		Relationship wi	th the Group	ρ						
Toyo Tire & Rubber Co., Ltd.	Associate which	invests in subsidiary	by using the	equity method						
New Pacific IND. CD., LTD. MERIDA INDUSTRY CO., LTD. Maxxis (XiaMen) Trading CO., LTD. Jye Luo Memory Co Ltd. Luo, Jye Lo, Ming-Ling Lo, Ming-I Lo, Tsai-Jen Luo, Yuan-Yo	The Company's of The Company's of The Company's of Relative of the C relationship Spouse of the C Spouse of the C The Company's	ed for using the equit director is the compar- director is the compary lirector is the company Company's director ompany's director ompany's chairman director Company's director	ny's vice cha ny's represer y's representa within first c	ntative ntive (Note) legree of						
Lo, Yuan-Long	relationship Relative of the Company's director within first degree of relationship									
Chen, Po-Chia	Relative of the Company's director within first degree of relationship									
Chen, Ping-Hao	Relative of the Company's director within first degree of relationship									
Note: This company was established (2) <u>Significant related party transactions</u> A. <u>Operating revenue</u>	on September 24	, 2020. Year ended ember 31, 2021		ar ended ber 31, 2020						
Sales of goods:										
-Other related parties	\$	247,958	\$	243,746						
Prices and collection terms of above terms are between 60~90 days.B. <u>Receivables from related parties</u>		ember 31, 2021		s, and the credit ber 31, 2020						
Accounts receivable:										
-Other related parties	\$	39,826	\$	43,474						
C. Loans to / from related parties: borrowings	shown as long-to	erm liabilities, curi	ent portion	and long-term						
	Dece	ember 31, 2021	Decem	ber 31, 2020						
Payables due to related parties :										
	<u>+</u>		*							

173,760 \$ The Group obtained financing from other related parties and financial institutions for capital needs. Please refer to Note 6(15) for interest rates, borrowing periods and repayment methods.

218,850

D. Lease transactions - lessee

-Other related parties

(a) The Group leases lands from Luo, Jye, Lo, Ming-Ling, Lo, Ming-I, Lo, Tsai-Jen, Luo, Yuan-Yo, Lo, Yuan-Long Chen, Po-Chia and Chen, Ping-Hao. Rental contracts are typically made

\$

for periods of 4 to 5 years. Rents are prepaid at the beginning of the year.

(b) Lease liabilities

i. Outstanding balance

	Decem	ber 31, 2021	Dece	mber 31, 2020
Key management personnel	\$	27,829	\$	41,546
ii. Interest expense				
1	Ye	ar ended	Y	ear ended
	Decem	ber 31, 2021	Dece	mber 31, 2020
Key management personnel	\$	258	\$	385
(31) Key management compensation				
	Ye	ar ended	Y	(ear ended
	Decem	ber 31, 2021	Dece	mber 31, 2020
Short-term employee benefits	\$	267,080	\$	239,434
Post-employment benefits		1,389		2,038
	\$	268,469	\$	241,472
8. <u>PLEDGED ASSETS</u>				
None.				
9. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES	AND UNR	ECOGNISED CO	ONTRAC	Г
COMMITMENTS				<u> </u>
(1) Contingencies				
None.				
(2) <u>Commitments</u>				
A. Capital expenditure contracted for at the	balance she	et date but not ye	t incurred	is as follows:
	Dec	ember 31, 2021	Dec	ember 31, 2020
Property, plant and equipment	\$	2,607,008	<u> </u>	3,634,056
B. Amount of letter of credit that has been is	ssued but no	ot vet used:	_	
		ember 31, 2021	Dece	ember 31, 2020
Amount of letter of credit that has been				
issued but not yet used	\$	6,877	'\$	22,886
10. <u>SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS</u>		,	<u> </u>	,
On Sontombor 26, 2020, a fine domaged a plant 1	opported in V	izhoù ourod bu t	ha Camer	my and destroyed

On September 26, 2020, a fire damaged a plant located in Xizhou owned by the Company and destroyed some buildings, equipment and inventories inside the plant. The book value of the damaged properties amounted to \$62,279 thousand, including buildings and equipment as well as inventories of \$51,367 thousand and \$10,912 thousand, respectively. The Company has relevant property insurance and has filed a claim to the insurance company and the estimated insurance claims that can be obtained amounted to \$62,000 thousand. The related losses and estimated insurance claims income are presented in net amount and are shown as losses under other gains and losses. Information relating to the fire damage is provided in Note 10.

11. SIGNIFICANT EVENT AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

None.

12. <u>OTHERS</u>

(1) Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. The Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings (including 'current and non-current borrowings' as shown in the consolidated balance sheet) less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital is calculated as 'equity' as shown in the consolidated balance sheet plus net debt.

During the year ended December 31, 2021, the Company's strategy was unchanged from 2020. The company maintained the gearing ratios below 200%. The gearing ratios at December 31, 2021 and 2020 were as follows:

	De	ecember 31	, 2021	December 31, 2020			
Total liabilities	\$	68	3,244,629 \$		70,349,872		
Total equity	\$	81	,477,368 \$		80,975,281		
Less : Intangible assets	(222,669) (181,768)		
Tangible equity	\$	81	,254,699 \$		80,793,513		
Debt-equity ratio		84%			87%		
(2) <u>Financial instruments</u>A. Financial instruments by category							
		Dece	ember 31, 2021	Dec	ember 31, 2020		
Financial assets							
Financial assets at fair value							
through profit or loss - current							
Financial assets mandatorily measu		¢					
at fair value through profit or loss Financial assets at fair value through		\$	17,648	\$	820		
comprehensive income - current							
Designation of equity instrument			23,083	5	29,817		
Financial assets at fair value through comprehensive income - non-curre							
Designation of equity instrument			58,187	,	58,187		
Financial assets at amortised cost/Loans and receivables							
Cash and cash equivalents			25,927,827	,	19,112,521		
Notes receivable, net			2,879,178	5	4,544,057		
Accounts receivable (including rela	ated parties)		9,138,034	-	9,516,313		
Guarantee deposits paid			68,967	,	62,291		
Other financial assets			141,344	<u> </u>	4,943		
		\$	38,254,268	\$	33,328,949		

	Dece	ember 31, 2021	Dece	mber 31, 2020
Financial liabilities				
Financial liabilities at amortised cost				
Short-term borrowings	\$	9,365,279	\$	7,222,391
Notes payable		320,028		157,811
Accounts payable		7,536,483		8,442,030
Other accounts payable		5,406,529		5,557,536
Corporate bonds payable				
(including current portion)		16,500,000		14,500,000
Long-term borrowings				
(including current portion)		22,378,678		26,706,526
Guarantee deposits received		250,496		257,773
	\$	61,757,493	\$	62,844,067
Lease liabilities				
(including current portion)	\$	556,358	\$	714,351

B. Financial risk management policies

- (a) The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programmer focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Group's financial position and financial performance.
- (b) Risk management is carried out by a central treasury department (Group treasury) under policies approved by the Board of Directors. Group treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close cooperation with the Group's operating units. The material financing activities are reviewed by the Board of Directors in accordance with procedures required by relevant regulations and internal control system. During the implementation of financing plans, the Board of Directors is assisted in its oversight role by the internal audit department. Internal audit undertakes both regular and exceptional reviews of risk management controls and procedures, and reports the results to the Board of Directors.

C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks

(a) Market risk

Foreign exchange risk

- i. The Group operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from the transactions of the Company and its subsidiaries used in various functional currency. Primarily with respect to the USD and RMB. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions, recognised assets and liabilities.
- ii. The Group hedges foreign exchange rate by using forward exchange contracts. However, the Group does not adopt hedging accounting. Details of financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.
- iii. The Group's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations (the Company's and certain subsidiaries' functional currency: TWD; other certain subsidiaries' functional currency: RMB, THB, VND, CAD, IDR, EUR, INR, JPY, MXN and USD). The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

					December	31, 2021						
						Sensitivity analysis						
		Foreign		Book value							fect on other	
	curr	ency amount			(TWD	Degree of		E	ffect on	co	mprehensive	
	(t	housands)	Exchange rate	ir	thousands)	variation	ation profit or loss		ofit or loss		income	
(Foreign currency:												
functional currency)												
Financial assets												
Monetary items												
USD : TWD	\$	299,575	27.680	\$	8,292,236	1	%	\$	82,922	\$	-	
RMB : TWD		33,151	4.344		144,008	1	%		1,440		-	
EUR : TWD		20,586	31.320		644,754	1	%		6,448		-	
JPY:TWD		1,343,878	0.241		323,875	1	%		3,239		-	
USD : RMB		69,698	6.372		1,929,238	1	%		19,292		-	
EUR : RMB		23,169	7.210		725,659	1	%		7,257		-	
JPY : RMB		455,696	0.055		108,875	1	%		1,089		-	
GBP : RMB		5,621	8.587		209,674	1	%		2,097		-	
RUB : RMB		803,143	0.085		296,553	1	%		2,966		-	
USD: THB		46,563	33.162		1,289,342	1	%		12,893		-	
USD: VND		6,388	23,066.667		176,820	1	%		1,768		-	
USD : CAD		10,588	1.280		293,008	1	%		2,930		-	
USD: IDR		32,830	13,979.798		908,734	1	%		9,087		-	

December 31, 2021

		December 31, 2021											
					Sensitivity analysis								
Foreign currency amo (thousands		ency amount	Exchange rate	Book value (TWD in thousands)		Degree of variation		Effect on profit or loss			Effect on other comprehensive income		
(Foreign currency: functional currency)													
Financial liabilities													
Monetary items													
USD : TWD	\$	18,108	27.680	\$	501,229		1%	\$	5,012	\$	-		
USD: RMB		20,272	6.372		561,128		1%		5,611		-		
USD: THB		10,861	33.162		300,744		1%		3,007		-		
USD: VND		70,316	23,066.667		1,946,347		1%		19,463		-		
USD : IDR		333,848	13,979.798		9,240,913		1%		92,409		-		
USD: INR		191,584	74.389		5,303,073		1%		53,031		-		

					December 31, 2020											
							sis									
currency		Foreign ency amount housands)	Exchange rate	Book value (TWD Exchange rate in thousands)		Degree of variation	Effect on profit or loss		con	ect on other prehensive income						
(Foreign currency:																
functional currency)																
Financial assets																
Monetary items																
USD: TWD	\$	226,440	28.480	\$	6,449,011	1%	\$	64,490	\$	-						
RMB : TWD		68,852	4.377		301,365	1%		3,014		-						
EUR : TWD		17,025	35.020		596,216	1%		5,962		-						
JPY: TWD		588,719	0.276		162,486	1%		1,625		-						
USD : RMB		70,406	6.507		2,005,243	1%		20,052		-						
EUR : RMB		16,611	8.001		581,723	1%		5,817		-						
RUB : RMB		715,658	0.088		275,654	1%		2,757		-						
USD: THB		58,900	29.803		1,678,159	1%		16,782		-						
EUR: THB		3,301	36.647		115,649	1%		1,156		-						
USD: VND		34,788	25,657.658		990,762	1%		9,908		-						
USD : CAD		22,301	1.274		634,996	1%		6,350		-						
USD: IDR		28,121	14,029.557		800,886	1%		8,009		-						

				December 3	1, 2020		
						Sensitivity analy	sis
Foreign currency ame (thousand		ncy amount	Exchange rate	Book value (TWD in thousands)	Degree of variation	Effect on profit or loss	Effect on other comprehensive income
(Foreign currency:							
functional currency)							
Financial liabilities							
Monetary items							
USD: TWD	\$	33,170	28.480	\$ 944,682	1%	\$ 9,447	\$ -
USD : RMB		30,354	6.507	864,516	1%	8,645	-
EUR : RMB		6,212	8.001	217,547	1%	2,175	-
USD: THB		20,328	29.803	579,179	1%	5,792	-
USD: VND		39,847	25,657.658	1,134,843	1%	11,348	-
USD : CAD		7,764	1.274	221,071	1%	2,211	-
USD: IDR		301,861	14,029.557	8,597,001	1%	85,970	-
USD: INR		192,566	73.026	5,484,307	1%	54,843	-

iv. The exchange (loss) gain including realized and unrealized arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary items held by the Group for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 amounted to (\$585,874) thousand and (\$556,186) thousand, respectively.

Price risk

- i. The Group's equity securities, which are exposed to price risk, are the held financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. The Group diversifies its portfolio to manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities.
- ii. Shares issued by the domestic companies. The prices of equity securities would change due to the change of the future value of investee companies. If the prices of these equity securities had increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant, equity investments at fair value through other comprehensive income and gain or loss for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 would have increased/decreased by \$813 thousand and \$880 thousand, respectively.
- Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk
- i. The Group's main interest rate risk arises from long-term and short-term borrowings with variable rates, which expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. During the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Group's borrowings at variable rate were denominated in the TWD, USD, THB, RMB, EUR and INR.
- ii. The Group's borrowings are measured at amortised cost. The rate of borrowings are referred market interest rates and to that extent are also exposed to the risk of future changes in market interest rates.
- iii.As at December 31, 2021 and 2020, if interest rates on TWD, USD, THB, RMB, EUR and INR denominated borrowings at that date had been 0.1% higher/lower with all other variables held constant, pre-tax profit for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 would have been \$31,468 thousand and \$33,964 thousand higher/lower, respectively, mainly as a result of higher/lower interest expense on floating rate borrowings.
- (b) Credit risk
 - i. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients or counterparties of financial instruments on the contract obligations. The main factor is that counterparties could not repay in full the accounts receivable based on the agreed terms, and the contract cash flows of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss and at fair value through other comprehensive income.
 - ii.According to the Group's credit policy, each local entity in the Group is responsible for managing and analysing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard receiving and payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors.
 - iii. The Group adopts the assumptions under IFRS 9, the default occurs when the contract payments are past due over 30 days.
 - iv. The Group adopts following assumptions under IFRS 9 to assess whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition: If the contract payments were past due over 30 days based on the terms, there has been a

If the contract payments were past due over 30 days based on the terms, there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition.

- v. The following indicators are used to determine whether the credit impairment of debt instruments has occurred:
 - (i) It becomes probable that the issuer will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization due to their financial difficulties;

- (ii) The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties;
- (iii) Default or delinquency in interest or principal repayments;
- (iv) Adverse changes in national or regional economic conditions that are expected to cause a default.
- vi. The Group wrote-off the financial assets, which cannot be reasonably expected to be recovered, after initiating recourse procedures. However, the Group will continue executing the recourse procedures to secure their rights. As at December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Group has no written-off financial assets that are still under recourse procedures.
- vii. The Group used the forecastability to adjust historical and timely information to assess the default possibility of accounts receivable; accounts receivable that are significantly past due are assessed individually for their expected credit losses. As at December 31, 2021 and 2020, the provision matrix is as follows:

December 31, 2021	Expected loss rate	Tota	al book value	Loss	allowance
Without past due	0.00%	\$	7,580,524	\$	-
Up to 30 days	0.95%		1,082,707		10,286
31 to 90 days	1.52%		323,352		4,915
91 to 180 days	4.17%		113,396		4,729
Over 180 days	8.59%		19,865		1,706
Individual	100.00%		43,069		43,069
		\$	9,162,913	\$	64,705
December 31, 2020	Expected loss rate	Tota	al book value	Loss	allowance
December 31, 2020 Without past due	Expected loss rate 0.00%	Tota \$	al book value 8,285,062	Loss \$	allowance
					allowance 7,220
Without past due	0.00%		8,285,062		-
Without past due Up to 30 days	0.00% 0.82%		8,285,062 880,500		7,220
Without past due Up to 30 days 31 to 90 days	0.00% 0.82% 1.48%		8,285,062 880,500 212,594		7,220 3,146
Without past due Up to 30 days 31 to 90 days 91 to 180 days	0.00% 0.82% 1.48% 4.55%		8,285,062 880,500 212,594 67,641		7,220 3,146 3,078

viii. Movements in relation to the group applying the simplified approach to provide loss allowance for accounts receivable are as follows:

		2021		2020
At January 1	\$	60,595	\$	41,615
Provision for impairment		580		46,173
Write-offs	(4,019)	(28,025)
Other		8,243		-
Effect of exchange rate changes	(694)		832
At December 31	\$	64,705	\$	60,595

- (c) Liquidity risk
 - i. Cash flow forecasting is performed in the operating entities of the Group and aggregated by Group treasury. Group treasury monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs so that the Group

does not breach borrowing limits or covenants (where applicable) on any of its borrowing facilities. Such forecasting takes into consideration the Group's debt financing plans, covenant compliance, compliance with internal balance sheet ratio targets and, if applicable external regulatory or legal requirements.

- ii. Surplus cash held by the operating entities over and above balance required for working capital management are transferred to the Group treasury. Group treasury invests surplus cash in interest bearing current accounts and time deposits, choosing instruments with appropriate maturities or sufficient liquidity to provide sufficient headroom as determined by the abovementioned forecasts.
- iii. The table below analyses the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities and net-settled or gross-settled derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date for nonderivative financial liabilities and to the expected maturity date for derivative financial liabilities. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

Non-derivative financial liabilities	Less than 90 days	Between 91 and 180 days	Between 181 and 365 days	Over 1 year	Total
Short-term borrowings	\$ 7,736,631	\$ 955,728	\$ 701,310	\$ -	\$ 9,393,669
Notes and accounts payable	7,856,511	-	-	-	7,856,511
Other payables	5,094,067	91	164,103	148,268	5,406,529
Lease liability	55,562	39,884	75,938	384,974	556,358
Guarantee deposits received	296	5	5	250,190	250,496
Long-term borrowings	977,145	121,404	3,340,797	18,412,446	22,851,792
Bonds payable	-	-	6,127,550	10,689,750	16,817,300
December 31, 2019					
	Less than	Between 91	Between 181		
Non-derivative financial liabilities	90 days	and 180 days	and 365 days	Over 1 year	Total
Short-term borrowings	\$ 6,882,527	\$ 281,773	\$ 86,091	\$ -	\$ 7,250,391
Notes and accounts payable	8,599,841	-	-	-	8,599,841
Other payables	5,250,900	77	153,867	152,692	5,557,536
Lease liability	54,513	56,158	68,953	534,727	714,351
Guarantee deposits received	116	-	-	257,657	257,773
Long-term borrowings	1,332,650	176,655	2,530,855	23,593,722	27,633,882
Bonds payable	-	-	6,133,350	8,601,300	14,734,650

December 31, 2021

(3) Fair value information

- A. The different levels that the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:
 - Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. A market is regarded as active where a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. The fair value of the Group's investment in listed stocks, beneficiary certificates, is included in Level 1.
 - Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. The fair value of the Group's investment in most derivative instruments is included in Level 2.
 - Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. The fair value of the Group's investment in equity investment without active market is included in Level 3.

B. Fair value information of investment property at cost is provided in Note 6(9).

- C. Financial instruments not measured at fair value
 - (a) Except for those listed in the table below, the carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable, accounts receivable, other receivables, guarantee deposits paid, short-term borrowings, notes payable, accounts payable, other payables, long-term borrowings (including current portion) and guarantee deposits received are approximate to their fair values.

	December 31, 2021						
			Fair value				
	Carrying amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3			
Financial liabilities: Bonds payable	<u>\$ 16,500,000</u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ 16,546,968</u>	<u>\$</u>			
		December 3	31, 2020				
			Fair value				
	Carrying amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3			
Financial liabilities: Bonds payable	\$ 14,500,000	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ 14,546,679</u>	<u>\$ </u>			

(b) The methods and assumptions of fair value estimate are as follows:

Bonds payable: They are measured at present value, which is calculated based on the cash flow expected to be paid and discounted using a market rate prevailing at balance sheet date, the interest rate of par value was equivalent to market interest rate.

- D. The related information on financial and non-financial instruments measured at fair value by level on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the assets and liabilities is as follows:
 - (a) The related information of natures of assets and liabilities is as follows:

	December 31, 2021							
	I	Level 1]	Level 2]	Level 3		Total
Assets								
Recurring fair value measurements								
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss								
- Derivative instruments	\$	-	\$	17,648	\$	-	\$	17,648
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income								
- Equity securities		23,083		-		58,187		81,270
Total	\$	23,083	\$	17,648	\$	58,187	\$	98,918

	December 31, 2020								
	I	Level 1		Level	2	I	Level 3		Total
Assets									
Recurring fair value measurements									
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	¢		¢			¢		¢	
- Derivative instruments	\$	-	\$	8	320	\$	-	\$	820
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income									
- Equity securities		29,817			-		58,187		88,004
Total	\$	29,817	\$	5 8	320	\$	58,187	\$	88,824

(b) The methods and assumptions the Group used to measure fair value are as follows:

- i. For Level 1, the Group used market quoted prices as their fair values according to the characteristics of instruments. Listed shares and balanced mutual fund use closing price as their fair values.
- ii. Except for financial instruments with active markets, the fair value of other financial instruments is measured by using valuation techniques or by reference to counterparty quotes.
- iii. Level 2: When assessing non-standard and low-complexity financial instruments, for example, debt instruments without active market, interest rate swap contracts, foreign exchange swap contracts and options, the Group adopts valuation technique that is widely used by market participants. The inputs used in the valuation method to measure these financial instruments are normally observable in the market.
- E. For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, there was no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2.
- F. There was no movement in Level 3 for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020.
- (32) Assessment of impact of the COVID-19

Due to the spread of Covid-19 pandemic globally, production of all factories of the Group's subsidiary, Maxxis Rubber India Private Limited, was suspended to allow for disinfection from May 10, 2021 to May 14, 2021. However, it did not affect the Group's internal capacity allocation and operations of the Group continued normally. As of the fourth quarter of 2021, the overall business and finance were not significantly impacted by the pandemic based on the Group's assessment. The Group will continue to monitor the development of the pandemic and coordinate with the government's pandemic prevention programs to maintain regular operations.

13. <u>SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOSURES</u>

- (1) Significant transactions information
 - A. Loans to others: please refer to table 1.
 - B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: please refer to table 2.
 - C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): please refer to table 3.
 - D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital: None.

- E. Acquisition of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- F. Disposal of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- G. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: please refer to table 4.
- H. Receivables from related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: please refer to table 5.
- I. Trading in derivative instruments undertaken during the reporting periods: please refer to Notes 6 (2), 6(24) and 12(2), 12(3).
- J. Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods: please refer to table 6.
- (2) Information on investees

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China) : Please refer to table 7.

- (3) Information on investments in Mainland China
 - A. Basic information: please refer to table 8.
 - B. Ceiling on investments in Mainland China: please refer to table 8.
 - C. Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area:

Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area for the year ended December 31, 2021: please refer to tables 4, 5 and 6.

(4) Major shareholders information

Major shareholders information: Please refer to table 9.

14. SEGMENT INFORMATION

(1) General information

Management has determined the reportable operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the Chief Operating Decision-Maker that are used to make strategic decisions. Business organization is divided into Cheng Shin (Taiwan), MAXXIS (Taiwan) Trading, Cheng Shin (Xiamen), Cheng Shin (China), Petrel (Xiamen), Cheng Shin (Thailand) and other segments based on the nature of each company. The Group's revenue is mainly from manufacturing and sales of bicycle tires, electrical vehicle tires, reclaimed rubber, etc.

(2) Measurement of segment information

The Group's segment profit (loss) is measured with the profit (loss) before tax, which is used as a basis for the Group in assessing the performance of the operating segments. The accounting policies of the operating segments are in agreement with the significant accounting policies summarized in Note 4.

(3) Information about segment profit or loss, assets and liabilities

The segment information provided to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker for the reportable segments is as follows:

		Year ended December 31, 2021				
			CHENG SHIN			
	CHENG SHIN		TIRE & RUBBER			
	RUBBER IND.		(CHINA) CO.,			
	CO., LTD. and	CHENG SHIN	LTD. and CHENG	MAXXIS		
	MAXXIS	RUBBER	SHIN PETREL	INTERNATIONAL		
	(Taiwan) Trading	(XIAMEN)	TIRE (XIAMEN)	(THAILAND)	All other	
	CO., LTD.	IND., LTD.	CO., LTD.	CO., LTD.	segments	Total
Revenue						
Revenue from external						
customers	\$ 15,268,181	\$ 16,790,114	\$ 26,705,975	\$ 9,215,320	\$20,278,259	\$ 88,257,849
Revenue from inter						
-segment revenue	9,819,232	1,754,262	526,502	1,349,212	5,733,027	19,182,235
Total segment revenue	\$ 25,087,413	\$ 18,544,376	\$ 27,232,477	\$ 10,564,532	\$26,011,286	\$107,440,084
Geographical regions						
Taiwan	\$ 10,464,479	\$ 243,979	\$ 107,719	\$ 110,144	\$ 210,351	\$ 11,136,672
China	360,540	13,651,937	22,189,975	7,350	18,865,334	55,075,136
US	6,313,588	436,062	61	855,433	483,911	8,089,055
Others	\$ 7,948,806	\$ 4,212,399	\$ 4,934,722	\$ 9,591,605	\$ 6,451,690	\$ 33,139,222
Total	\$ 25,087,413	\$ 18,544,377	\$ 27,232,477	\$ 10,564,532	\$26,011,286	\$107,440,085
Segment income	\$ 3,286,125	\$ 420,013	<u>\$ 985,779</u>	\$ 626,259	\$ 3,324,109	\$ 8,642,285
Depreciation and amortisation	\$ 1,622,316	\$ 1,819,359	\$ 3,177,455	<u>\$ 1,188,902</u>	\$ 2,471,746	\$ 10,279,778
Interest income	\$ 30,746	\$ 7,891	\$ 142,016	\$ 421	\$ 223,891	\$ 404,965
Finance costs	\$ 222,184	\$ 67,565	\$ 17,864	\$ 44,507	\$ 182,389	\$ 534,509
Share of profit of associates		<u> </u>	i			
and joint ventures accounted for under equity method	\$ 19,401	\$-	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u>	\$ 19,401

			Year ended De	cember 31, 2020		
			CHENG SHIN			
	CHENG SHIN		TIRE & RUBBER			
	RUBBER IND.		(CHINA) CO.,			
	CO., LTD. and	CHENG SHIN	LTD. and CHENG	MAXXIS		
	MAXXIS	RUBBER	SHIN PETREL	INTERNATIONAL		
	(Taiwan) Trading	(XIAMEN)	TIRE (XIAMEN)	(THAILAND)	All other	
	CO., LTD.	IND., LTD.	CO., LTD.	CO., LTD.	segments	Total
Revenue						
Revenue from external	* · • • • • • • •			* * * * * * *	***	* ~
customers	\$ 13,777,876	\$15,176,809	\$ 28,906,764	\$ 9,181,494	\$18,754,572	\$ 85,797,515
Revenue from inter						
-segment revenue	9,534,605	1,474,320	673,924	1,672,992	5,751,817	19,107,658
Total segment revenue	\$ 23,312,481	\$16,651,129	\$ 29,580,688	\$ 10,854,486	\$24,506,389	\$104,905,173
Geographical regions						
Taiwan	\$ 10,140,608	\$ 213,261	\$ 190,676	\$ 131,379	\$ 78,169	\$ 10,754,093
China	344,530	12,491,422	26,105,724	4,583	17,765,338	56,711,597
US	5,984,587	309,302	3,709	1,233,092	276,927	7,807,617
Others	6,842,756	3,637,144	3,280,579	9,485,432	6,385,955	29,631,866
Total	23,312,481	16,651,129	29,580,688	10,854,486	24,506,389	104,905,173
Segment income	\$ 2,139,330	\$ 682,336	\$ 2,559,805	\$ 166,446	\$ 4,271,916	\$ 9,819,833
Depreciation and amortisation	<u>\$ 1,685,870</u>	\$ 1,916,156	\$ 3,397,666	\$ 1,620,660	\$ 2,494,585	<u>\$ 11,114,937</u>
Interest income	\$ 82,504	\$ 21,965	\$ 204,172	\$ 989	\$ 239,745	\$ 549,375
Finance costs	\$ 267,118	\$ 157,700	\$ 95,780	\$ 98,303	\$ 296,912	\$ 915,813
Share of profit of associates						
and joint ventures accounted						
for under equity method	<u>\$ 18,520</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ 18,520</u>

(4) <u>Reconciliation for segment income (loss)</u>

A. A reconciliation of income after adjustment and total segment income from continuing operations is provided as follows:

	Year ended			Year ended
	Dec	ember 31, 2021	Dec	ember 31, 2020
Adjusted revenue from reportable segments	\$	107,440,084	\$	104,905,173
Adjusted revenue from other operating segments		14,617,075		11,221,801
Total operating segments		122,057,159		116,126,974
Elimination of inter-segment revenue	(20,520,198)	()	19,917,918)
Total consolidated operating revenue	\$	101,536,961	\$	96,209,056

		Year ended	Year ended		
	Dec	cember 31, 2021	Dec	ember 31, 2020	
Geographical regions					
Geographical regions from reportable segments	\$	107,440,084	\$	104,905,173	
Geographical regions from other operating segme	nts				
Taiwan		97,865		132,746	
China		2,319,018		1,204,129	
US		7,815,413		6,284,625	
Others		4,384,779		3,600,301	
Total geographical regions		122,057,129		116,126,974	
Elimination of inter-segment revenue	()	20,520,198)	(19,917,918)	
Total consolidated operating revenue	\$	101,536,931	\$	96,209,056	

B. A reconciliation of adjusted current income before tax and the income before tax from continuing operations is provided as follows:

		Year ended December 31, 2021		Year ended ember 31, 2020
Adjusted income from reportable segments before income tax	\$	8,642,285	\$	9,819,833
Adjusted loss from other operating segments before income tax Total operating segments	(<u>1,468,286</u>) 7,173,999	(<u>1,629,801</u>) 8,190,032
Loss from elimination of inter-segment revenue	(17,998)	(33,326)
Income from continuing operations before income tax	\$	7,156,001	\$	8,156,706

(5) Information on products and services

Revenue from external customers is mainly from processing, manufacturing and trading of bicycle tires, electrical vehicle tires, reclaimed rubber, various rubbers and resin and other rubber products. Details of revenue is as follows:

	Ţ	Year ended		Year ended
	Dece	ember 31, 2021	Dec	ember 31, 2020
Sales revenue	\$	100,574,179	\$	95,599,490
Others		962,782		609,566
	\$	101,536,961	\$	96,209,056

(6) Geographical information

	Year ended	December 31, 2021	Year ended December 31, 2020						
	Revenue	Non-current assets	Revenue	Non-current assets					
China	\$ 49,225,937	\$ 49,376,469	\$ 50,584,199	\$ 54,569,454					
USA	9,729,466	630,197	8,012,544	757,744					
Taiwan	6,751,039	15,970,019	6,048,080	16,680,718					
Others	35,830,519	21,473,094	31,564,233	24,261,968					
	\$ 101,536,961	\$ 87,449,779	\$ 96,209,056	\$ 96,269,884					

Geographical information for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 is as follows:

The Company's geographical revenue is calculated based on the countries where sales occur. Noncurrent assets refer to property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, investment property, intangible assets (shown as other non-current assets) and guarantee deposits paid (shown as other non-current assets), but exclude financial instruments and deferred income tax assets.

(7) Major customer information

None of the revenue from any single customer has exceeded 10% of the revenue in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020.

CHENG SHIN RUBBER IND. CO., LTD. Loans to others Year ended December 31, 2021

Table 1

(Except as otherwise indicated)

					Maximum												
					outstanding balance during	Balance at				Amount of						Ceiling on	
			General		the year ended	December 31,					Reason for	Allowance	Collat	teral		total loans	
No.			ledger	Is a related	December 31,	2021	Actual amount		Nature of			for doubtful	Colla		Limit on loans granted to a singl		
(Note 1)	Creditor	Borrower	account	party	2021	(Note 8)	drawn down	Interest rate	loan	borrower	financing	accounts	Item	Value	party (Note $2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4$)	(Note 3)	Footnote
1	XIAMEN CHENG SHIN ENTERPRISE CO., LTD.	CHENG SHIN RUBBER (ZHANGZHOU) IND CO., LTD.	Other receivables	Yes	\$ 3,288,000	\$ 3,258,000	\$ 2,641,152	3.85%	Note 7	\$ -	Operating capital	\$ -	None	\$ -	\$ 5,133,202	\$ 8,555,336	Note 9
1	XIAMEN CHENG SHIN ENTERPRISE CO., LTD.	CHENG SHIN RUBBER (XIAMEN) IND., LTD.	Other receivables	Yes	3,270,000	3,258,000	1,346,640	3.85%	Note 7	-	Operating capital	-	None	-	5,133,202	8,555,336	Note 9
1	XIAMEN CHENG SHIN ENTERPRISE CO., LTD.	CHENG SHIN (XIAMEN) INTL AUTOMOBILE CULTURE CENTER CO., LTD.	Other receivables	Yes	569,920	564,720	412,680	4.85%	Note 7	-	Operating capital	-	None	-	5,133,202	8,555,336	Note 9
1	XIAMEN CHENG SHIN ENTERPRISE CO., LTD.	CHIN CHOU CHENG SHIN ENTERPRISE CO., LTD.	Other receivables	Yes	13,080	13,032	8,688	3.85%	Note 7	-	Operating capital	-	None	-	5,133,202	8,555,336	Note 9
2	CHENG SHIN TIRE & RUBBER (CHINA) CO., LTD.	CHENG SHIN TIRE & RUBBER (CHONGQING) CO., LTD.	Other receivables	Yes	876,800	434,400	434,400	3.25%	Note 7	-	Operating capital	-	None	-	5,100,663	10,201,326	Note 9
3	CHENG SHIN PETREL TIRE (XIAMEN) CO., LTD.	CHENG SHIN RUBBER (ZHANGZHOU) IND CO., LTD.	Other receivables	Yes	2,192,000	1,086,000	521,280	3.85%	Note 7	-	Operating capital	-	None	-	7,192,694	11,987,823	Note 9
3	CHENG SHIN PETREL TIRE (XIAMEN) CO., LTD.	CHENG SHIN (XIAMEN) INTL AUTOMOBILE CULTURE CENTER CO., LTD.	Other receivables	Yes	654,000	651,600	69,504	3.85%	Note 7	-	Operating capital	-	None	-	7,192,694	11,987,823	Note 9
4	CHENG SHIN LOGISTIC (XIAMEN) IND., LTD.	CHIN CHOU CHENG SHIN ENTERPRISE CO., LTD	Other receivables	Yes	8,768	-	-	-	Note 7	-	Operating capital	-	None	-	29,330	117,322	Note 9

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the loans provided by the Company or subsidiaries are as follows:

(1) The Company is '0'.

(2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2: Limit on loans granted by CHENG SHIN RUBBER (XIAMEN) IND., LTD., CHENG SHIN PETREL TIRE (XIAMEN) CO., LTD. and XIAMEN CHENG SHIN ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. to a single party is 60% of above Companies' net assets.

Note 3: Limit on loans granted by CHENG SHIN TIRE & RUBBER (CHINA) CO., LTD. to a single party is 20% of above Companies' net assets.

Note 4: Limit on loans granted by CHEN SHIN LOGISTIC (XIAMEN) CO., LTD to a single party is 10% of above Companies' net assets.

Note 5: Limit on loans granted by CHENG SHIN RUBBER (XIAMEN) IND., LTD., CHENG SHIN PETREL TIRE (XIAMEN) CO., LTD. and XIAMEN CHENG SHIN ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. to a single party is 100% of above Companies' net assets.

Note 6: Limit on loans granted by CHENG SHIN TIRE & RUBBER (CHINA) CO., LTD. and CHEN SHIN LOGISTIC (XIAMEN) CO., LTD to others is 40% of above Companies' net assets.

Note 7: Fill in purpose of loan when nature of loan is for short-term financing. The transaction was completed through the trust loans signed with financial institutions in Mainland China.

Note 8: The amount of ending balance was equal to the limit on loans as approved by the Board of Directors.

Note 9: The transactions were eliminated when preparing the consolidated financial statements.

Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others

Year ended December 31, 2021

Table 2

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

		Party being endorsed/gu		Limit on	Maximum outstanding	Outstanding		Amount of	Ratio of accumulated endorsement/ guarantee	e		Provision of endorsements/		
			Relationship	endorsements/	endorsement/	endorsement/		endorsements/	amount to net asset	amount of	0	guarantees by	0	
N 1			with the	guarantees	e	0		guarantees	value of the endorser/	endorsements/	parent	subsidiary to	1 5	
Number	Endorser/		endorser/	provided for a	as of December 31,	at December 31,	Actual amount	secured with	guarantor company	guarantees	company to	parent	Mainland	
(Note 1)	guarantor	Company name	guarantor	single party	2021	2021	drawn down	collateral	(%)	provided	subsidiary	company	China	Footnote
0	Cheng Shin Rubber Ind. Co., Ltd.	MAXXIS International (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	Sub- subsidiary	\$ 40,459,235	\$ 1,903,600	\$ 834,700	\$ 71,717	\$ -	1.03	\$ 56,642,928	Y	Ν	Ν	Note 2 × Note 3
0	Cheng Shin Rubber Ind. Co., Ltd.	Maxxis Rubber India Private Limited	Subsidiary	40,459,235	7,623,093	7,551,584	6,119,211	-	9.33	56,642,928	Y	Ν	Ν	Note 2 Note 3
0	Cheng Shin Rubber Ind. Co., Ltd.	PT MAXXIS International Indonesia	Subsidiary	40,459,235	12,574,275	12,461,536	9,050,437	-	15.40	56,642,928	Y	Ν	N	Note 2 Note 3

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the endorsements/guarantees provided by the Company or subsidiaries are as follows: (1) The Company is '0'.

(1) The company is 0.(2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2: Ceiling on the Company's total endorsements/guarantees to others is 70% of the Company's current net assets.	\$ 56,642,928
Limit on the Company's endorsements/guarantees to a single party is 20% of the Company's net assets.	\$ 16,183,694
Limit on the Company's endorsements/guarantees to a foreign single affiliate company is 50% of the Company's net assets.	\$ 40,459,235

Note 3: Outstanding endorsement/guarantee amount and draw down amount are translated at the spot exchange rates prevailing at December 31, 2021.

Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures)

December 31, 2021

Table 3

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

					As of Dece	mber 31, 2021		_
		Relationship with the securitie	es	Number of		Ownership		
Securities held by	Marketable securities (Note 1)	issuer	General ledger account	shares/ units	Book value	(%)	Fair value	Footnote
Cheng Shin Rubber Ind. Co., Ltd.	Other ordinary shares		- Current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	\$ 23,083	-	\$ 23,083	Note 2
Cheng Shin Rubber Ind. Co., Ltd.	Other ordinary shares		 Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 	-	58,187	-	58,187	Note 2

Note 1: Marketable securities in the table refer to stocks, bonds, beneficiary certificates and other related derivative securities within the scope of IFRS 9, 'Financial instruments'. Note 2: Other marketable securities do not exceed 5% of the account.

Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

Year ended December 31, 2021

Table 4

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

						Transaction		terms compare	in transaction ed to third party ns (Note 1)		s receivable (payable)	-
		Relationship with	Purchases			Percentage of total purchases					Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	Footnote
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	the counterparty	(sales)		Amount	(sales) (%)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term	Balance	(%)	(Note 2)
Cheng Shin Rubber Ind. Co., Ltd.	CHENG SHIN RUBBER USA, INC.	Subsidiary	(sales)	(\$	5,205,976)	25.14)	Collect within 120 days after	Same	Same	\$ 1,328,328	45.58	Note 3
Cheng Shin Rubber Ind. Co., Ltd.	CHENG SHIN RUBBER CANADA, INC.	Subsidiary	(sales)	(552,846) (2.67)	shipment of goods Collect within 90 days after shipment of goods	Same	Same	56,081	1.92	Note 3
Cheng Shin Rubber Ind. Co., Ltd.	Maxxis (Taiwan) Trading Co., LTD.	Subsidiary	(sales)	(3,688,796) (17.81)		Same	Same	410,080	14.07	Note 3
Cheng Shin Rubber Ind. Co., Ltd.	PT MAXXIS International Indonesia	Subsidiary	(sales)	(109,963) (0.53)	Collect within 60~90 days after shipment of goods	Same	Same	5,640	0.19	Note 3
CHENG SHIN RUBBER (XIAMEN) IND., LTD.	Cheng Shin Rubber Ind. Co., Ltd.	Same ultimate parent	(sales)	(144,514) (0.78)	Collect within 60 days after shipment of goods	Same	Same	24,580	0.98	Note 3
CHENG SHIN RUBBER (XIAMEN) IND., LTD.	TIANJIN TAFENG RUBBER IND CO., LTD.	Same ultimate parent	(sales)	(116,381) (0.63)	Collect within 60~90 days after shipment of goods	Same	Same	-	-	Note 3
CHENG SHIN RUBBER (XIAMEN) IND., LTD.	CHENG SHIN TIRE & RUBBER (CHINA) CO., LTD.	Same ultimate parent	(sales)	(1,142,319) (6.16)	Collect within 60~90 days after shipment of goods	Same	Same	348,011	13.93	Note 3
CHENG SHIN RUBBER (XIAMEN) IND., LTD.	CHENG SHIN RUBBER (ZHANGZHOU) IND CO., LTD.	Same ultimate parent	(sales)	(169,037) (0.91)	Collect within 60~90 days after shipment of goods	Same	Same	32,280	1.29	Note 3
XIAMEN CHENG SHIN ENTERPRISE CO., LTD.	CHENG SHIN RUBBER (XIAMEN) IND., LTD.	Same ultimate	(sales)	(1,510,223) (33.73)	Collect within 60~90 days after	Same	Same	349,365	35.12	Note 3
XIAMEN CHENG SHIN ENTERPRISE CO., LTD.	CHENG SHIN PETREL TIRE (XIAMEN) CO., LTD.	parent Same ultimate	(sales)	(373,909) (8.35)	shipment of goods Collect within 60~90 days after	Same	Same	49,639	4.99	Note 3
XIAMEN CHENG SHIN ENTERPRISE CO., LTD.	CHENG SHIN RUBBER (ZHANGZHOU) IND CO.,	parent Same ultimate	(sales)	(217,085) (4.85)	shipment of goods Collect within 60~90 days after	Same	Same	36,325	3.65	Note 3
CHENG SHIN RUBBER (ZHANGZHOU) IND CO., LTD.	LTD. CHENG SHIN RUBBER (XIAMEN) IND., LTD.	parent Same ultimate	(sales)	(1,747,540) (16.06)	shipment of goods Collect within 60~90 days after	Same	Same	760,580	88.71	Note 3
CHENG SHIN LOGISTIC (XIAMEN) IND., LTD.	CHENG SHIN RUBBER (XIAMEN) IND., LTD.	parent Same ultimate	(sales)	(382,881) (26.42)	shipment of goods Collect within 60~90 days after	Same	Same	50,563	23.49	Note 3
CHENG SHIN LOGISTIC (XIAMEN) IND., LTD.	CHENG SHIN RUBBER (ZHANGZHOU) IND CO., LTD.	parent Same ultimate	(sales)	(246,238) (16.99)	shipment of goods Collect within 60~90 days after shipment of goods	Same	Same	25,619	11.90	Note 3
CHENG SHIN LOGISTIC (XIAMEN) IND., LTD.	CHENG SHIN PETREL TIRE (XIAMEN) CO., LTD.	parent Same ultimate	(sales)	(189,229) (13.06)	Collect within 60~90 days after shipment of goods	Same	Same	13,501	6.27	Note 3
CHENG SHIN TIRE & RUBBER (CHINA) CO., LTD.	CHENG SHIN RUBBER CANADA, INC.	parent Same ultimate parent	(sales)	(179,622)	0.97)	Collect within 60~90 days after shipment of goods	Same	Same	19,257	0.61	Note 3
CHENG SHIN TIRE & RUBBER (CHINA) CO., LTD.	KUNSHAN MAXXIS TIRE CO., LTD.	Same ultimate	(sales)	(114,536) (0.62)	Collect within 60~90 days after shipment of goods	Same	Same	20,816	0.66	Note 3
CHENG SHIN TIRE & RUBBER (CHONGQING) CO., LTD.	CHENG SHIN TIRE & RUBBER (CHINA) CO., LTD.	Same ultimate parent	(sales)	(1,172,316)	22.42)	Collect within 60~90 days after shipment of goods	Same	Same	279,542	31.50	Note 3
CHENG SHIN TIRE & RUBBER (CHONGQING) CO., LTD.	KUNSHAN MAXXIS TIRE CO., LTD.	Same ultimate parent	(sales)	(236,376) (4.52)	Collect within 60~90 days after shipment of goods	Same	Same	28,987	3.27	Note 3
CHENG SHIN TOYO (KUNSHAN) MACHINERY CO., LTD.	Toyo Tire & Rubber Co., Ltd.	Associates	(sales)	(107,225) (58.64)	Collect within 60~90 days after shipment of goods	Same	Same	5,885	27.99	
Cheng Shin Rubber (Vietnam) IND Co., Ltd.	MAXXIS International (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	Same ultimate parent	(sales)	(103,225) (1.98)	Collect within 60~90 days after shipment of goods	Same	Same	8,712	2.06	Note 3

Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

Year ended December 31, 2021

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

						Transaction		terms compare	in transaction ed to third party ns (Note 1)		s receivable (payable)	-
		Relationship with	Purchases		I	ercentage of total purchases					Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	the counterparty	(sales)		Amount	(sales) (%)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term	Balance	(%)	(Note 2)
MAXXIS International (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	Cheng Shin Rubber Ind. Co., Ltd.	Ultimate parent	(sales)	(\$	334,931) (3.17)	Collect within 30~60 days after shipment of goods	Same	Same	\$ 2,726	0.19	Note 3
MAXXIS International (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	CHENG SHIN RUBBER USA, INC.	Same ultimate parent	(sales)	(855,433) (8.10)	Collect within 120 days after shipment of goods	Same	Same	154,467	10.83	Note 3
PT MAXXIS International Indonesia	Cheng Shin Rubber (Vietnam) IND Co., Ltd.	Same ultimate parent	(sales)	(117,478) (6.88)	Collect within 60~90 days after shipment of goods	Same	Same	37,465	11.42	Note 3

Note 1: If terms of related-party transactions are different from third-party transactions, explain the differences and reasons in the 'Unit price' and 'Credit term' columns.

Note 2: In case related-party transaction terms involve advance receipts (prepayments) transactions, explain in the footnote the reasons, contractual provisions, related amounts,

and differences in types of transactions compared to third-party transactions.

Note 3: The transactions were eliminated when preparing the consolidated financial statements.

Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

December 31, 2021

Table 5

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

					 Overdue	receivables	_	Amount collected	
0 F		Relationship with the	alance as at	Turnover				subsequent to the balance sheet date	Allowance for doubtful
Creditor	Counterparty	counterparty	 mber 31, 2021	rate	 mount	Action taken		(Note 1)	accounts
Cheng Shin Rubber Ind. Co., Ltd.	CHENG SHIN RUBBER USA, INC.	Subsidiary (Note 4)	\$ 1,328,341	Note 3	\$ -	-	\$	758,237	\$ -
Cheng Shin Rubber Ind. Co., Ltd.	Maxxis (Taiwan) Trading Co., LTD.	Subsidiary (Note 4)	414,226	Note 3	-	-		410,080	-
CHENG SHIN RUBBER (XIAMEN)	CHENG SHIN TIRE & RUBBER	Same ultimate parent (Note 4)	348,525	Note 3	-	-		158,911	-
IND., LTD.	(CHINA) CO., LTD.								
CHENG SHIN RUBBER (XIAMEN)	CHENG SHIN RUBBER	Same ultimate parent (Note 4)	114,530	Note 3	-	-		25,615	-
IND., LTD.	(ZHANGZHOU) IND CO., LTD.								
XIAMEN CHENG SHIN ENTERPRISE	CHENG SHIN RUBBER (XIAMEN)	Same ultimate parent (Note 4)	350,724	Note 3	-	-		167,271	-
CO., LTD.	IND., LTD.								
CHENG SHIN RUBBER	CHENG SHIN RUBBER (XIAMEN)	Same ultimate parent (Note 4)	763,682	Note 3	-	-		427,237	-
(ZHANGZHOU) IND CO., LTD.	IND., LTD.		270 5 12	1.24				150 5 4	
CHENG SHIN TIRE & RUBBER	CHENG SHIN TIRE & RUBBER	Same ultimate parent (Note 4)	279,542	4.26	-	-		159,767	-
(CHONGQING) CO., LTD.	(CHINA) CO., LTD.	Sama altimate manual (Nata 4)	154 467	1.96				29 (42	
MAXXIS International (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	CHENG SHIN RUBBER USA, INC.	Same ultimate parent (Note 4)	154,467	4.86	-	-		38,643	-
Liu.									

Note 1: Subsequent collection is the amount collected as of March 9, 2022.

Note 2: The amount comprises accounts receivable, commission receivable, endorsements/guarantees receivable, patent royalties receivable, royalties receivable for trademark and other receivables and thus, the turnover rate is not calculated.

Note 3: The amount comprises accounts receivable and other receivables and thus, the turnover rate is not calculated.

Note 4: The transactions were eliminated when preparing the consolidated financial statements.

Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods

Year ended December 31, 2021

Table 6

Number

(Note 1)

0

0

0

0

0

1

1

2

2

2

2

2

2

3

4

4

4

5

5

k

Company name

Cheng Shin Rubber Ind. Co., Ltd.

CHENG SHIN RUBBER (XIAMEN) IND., LTD.

CHENG SHIN RUBBER (XIAMEN) IND., LTD.

XIAMEN CHENG SHIN ENTERPRISE CO., LTD.

CHENG SHIN PETREL TIRE (XIAMEN) CO., LTD.

CHENG SHIN LOGISTIC (XIAMEN) IND., LTD.

CHENG SHIN LOGISTIC (XIAMEN) IND., LTD.

CHENG SHIN RUBBER (ZHANGZHOU) IND CO., LTD.

CHENG SHIN RUBBER (ZHANGZHOU) IND CO., LTD.

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated) Transaction Percentage of consolidated total Relationship operating revenues or (Note 2) Counterparty Amount (Note 4) total assets (Note 3) General ledger account Transaction terms CHENG SHIN RUBBER USA, INC. \$ Sales 5,205,976 Collect within 120 days after 5.13% 1 shipment of goods CHENG SHIN RUBBER USA, INC. 1 Accounts receivable 1,328,328 Collect within 120 days after 0.89% shipment of goods 0.54% CHENG SHIN RUBBER CANADA, INC. Sales 552,846 Collect within 90 days after shipment of goods Maxxis (Taiwan) Trading Co., LTD. 1 Sales 3.688.796 The term is 30 days after 3.63% monthly billing 0.27% Maxxis (Taiwan) Trading Co., LTD. Accounts receivable 410,080 The term is 30 days after monthly billing CHENG SHIN TIRE & RUBBER (CHINA) CO., LTD. 3 Sales 1,142,319 Collect within 60~90 days 1.13% after shipment of goods 3 348,011 Collect within 60~90 days 0.23% CHENG SHIN TIRE & RUBBER (CHINA) CO., LTD. Accounts receivable after shipment of goods CHENG SHIN RUBBER (XIAMEN) IND., LTD. 3 Sales 1,510,223 Collect within 60~90 days 1.49% after shipment of goods Collect within 60~90 days CHENG SHIN PETREL TIRE (XIAMEN) CO., LTD. 3 Sales 373,909 0.37% after shipment of goods CHENG SHIN RUBBER (ZHANGZHOU) IND CO., LTD. 3 Sales 217.085 Collect within 60~90 days 0.21% after shipment of goods Pay interest quarterly CHENG SHIN RUBBER (ZHANGZHOU) IND CO., LTD. 3 Other receivables 2,641,152 1.76%

Other receivables

Other receivables

Other receivables

Sales

Accounts receivable

Notes receivable

Sales

Sales

1,346,640

412,680

521.280

1,747,540

337,040

423,541

382.881

246,238

Pay interest quarterly

Pay interest quarterly

Pay interest quarterly

Collect within 60~90 days

after shipment of goods

Collect within 60~90 days

after shipment of goods

Payment at sight

after due date

Collect within 60~90 days

after shipment of goods

Collect within 60~90 days

after shipment of goods

0.90%

0.28%

0.35%

1.72%

0.23%

0.28%

0.38%

0.24%

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

CHENG SHIN RUBBER (XIAMEN) IND., LTD.

CHENG SHIN (XIAMEN) INTL AUTOMOBILE

CHENG SHIN RUBBER (XIAMEN) IND., LTD.

CHENG SHIN RUBBER (XIAMEN) IND., LTD.

CHENG SHIN RUBBER (XIAMEN) IND., LTD.

CHENG SHIN RUBBER (ZHANGZHOU) IND CO., LTD.

CHENG SHIN RUBBER (ZHANGZHOU) IND CO., LTD.

CULTURE CENTER CO., LTD

CHENG SHIN RUBBER (ZHANGZHOU) IND CO., LTD. CHENG SHIN RUBBER (XIAMEN) IND., LTD.

Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods

Year ended December 31, 2021

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

					Т	Transaction	,
							Percentage of
							consolidated total
Number			Relationship				operating revenues or
(Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	(Note 2)	General ledger account	Amount (Note 4)	Transaction terms	total assets (Note 3)
6	CHENG SHIN TIRE & RUBBER (CHINA) CO., LTD.	CHENG SHIN TIRE & RUBBER (CHONGQING) CO.,	3	Other receivable	\$ 434,400	Pay interest quarterly	0.29%
		LTD.					
7	CHENG SHIN TIRE & RUBBER (CHONGQING) CO.,	KUNSHAN MAXXIS TIRE CO., LTD.	3	Sales	236,376	Collect within 60~90 days	0.23%
	LTD.					after shipment of goods	
7	CHENG SHIN TIRE & RUBBER (CHONGQING) CO.,	CHENG SHIN TIRE & RUBBER (CHINA) CO., LTD.	3	Sales	1,172,316	Collect within 60~90 days	1.15%
	LTD.					after shipment of goods	
7	CHENG SHIN TIRE & RUBBER (CHONGQING) CO.,	CHENG SHIN TIRE & RUBBER (CHINA) CO., LTD.	3	Accounts receivable	279,542	Collect within 60~90 days	0.19%
	LTD.					after shipment of goods	
8	MAXXIS International (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	Cheng Shin Rubber Ind. Co., Ltd.	2	Sales	334,931	Collect within 30~60 days	0.33%
						after shipment of goods	
8	MAXXIS International (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	CHENG SHIN RUBBER USA, INC.	3	Sales	855,433	Collect within 120 days after	0.84%
						shipment of goods	

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:

(1) Parent company is '0'.

(2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2: Relationship between transaction company and counterparty is classified into the following three categories:

(1) Parent company to subsidiary.

(2) Subsidiary to parent company.

(3) Subsidiary to subsidiary.

Note 3: Regarding percentage of transaction amount to consolidated total operating revenues or total assets, it is computed based on period-end balance of transaction to consolidated total assets for balance sheet accounts and based on accumulated transaction amount for the year to consolidated total operating revenues for income statement accounts.

Note 4: Transaction amounts account for at least NT\$200 million.

Information on investees

Year ended December 31, 2021

Table 7

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

				Initial invest	ment amount	Shares held a	as at Decembe	er 31, 2020		Investment	
Investor	Investee	Location	Main business activities	Balance as at December 31, 2021	Balance as at December 31, 2020	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value	Net profit (loss) of the investee for the year ended December 31, 2021	income(loss) recognised by the Company for the year ended December 31, 2021 (Note 1)	Footnote
Cheng Shin Rubber Ind. Co., Ltd.	MAXXIS International Co., Ltd.	Cayman Islands	Holding company	\$ 912,218		35,050,000	()	\$ 42,473,721	\$ 1,365,320		Subsidiary
Cheng Shin Rubber Ind. Co., Ltd.	CST Trading Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	Holding company	2,103,073	2,103,073	72,900,000	100.00	27,697,590	1,874,660	1,868,286	Note 3 Subsidiary Note 3
Cheng Shin Rubber Ind. Co., Ltd.	MAXXIS Trading Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	Holding company	7,669,780	7,669,780	237,811,720	100.00	9,287,333	1,443,654	1,416,491	Subsidiary Note 3
Cheng Shin Rubber Ind. Co., Ltd.	CHENG SHIN RUBBER USA, INC.	U.S.A	Import and export of tires	551,820	551,820	1,800,000	100.00	2,321,753	(92,588)	(92,558)	Subsidiary Note 3
Cheng Shin Rubber Ind. Co., Ltd.	CHENG SHIN RUBBER CANADA, INC.	Canada	Import and export of tires	32,950	32,950	1,000,000	100.00	647,155	(28,268)	(28,268)	Subsidiary Note 3
Cheng Shin Rubber Ind. Co., Ltd.	NEW PACIFIC INDUSTRY COMPANY LIMITED	Taiwan	Processing and sales of various anti-vibration rubber and hardware	50,001	50,001	5,000,000	50.00	180,417	38,801	19,401	Note 2
Cheng Shin Rubber Ind. Co., Ltd.	MAXXIS Tech Center Europe B.V.	Netherlands	Technical centre	41,260	41,260	1,000,000	100.00	76,451	6,500	6,500	Subsidiary Note 3
Cheng Shin Rubber Ind. Co., Ltd.	PT MAXXIS International Indonesia	Indonesia	Production and sales of various types of tires	4,233,389	4,233,389	139,994,750	100.00	135,796	(534,571)	(535,236)	Subsidiary Note 3
Cheng Shin Rubber Ind. Co., Ltd.	Maxxis Rubber India Private Limited	India	Production and sales of various types of tires	4,027,544	4,027,544	874,992,906	100.00	-	(911,536)	(911,536)	Subsidiary Note 3 \ Note 5
Cheng Shin Rubber Ind. Co., Ltd.	Maxxis (Taiwan) Trading Co., LTD.	Taiwan	Wholesale and retail of tires	100,000	100,000	10,000,000	100.00	543,185	335,772	335,772	Subsidiary Note 3
Cheng Shin Rubber Ind. Co., Ltd.	PT MAXXIS TRADING INDONESIA	Indonesia	Large-amount trading of vehicles parts and accessories	30,235	30,235	9,990	100.00	42,593	11,824	11,824	Subsidiary Note 3
Cheng Shin Rubber Ind. Co., Ltd.	Maxxis Europe B.V.	Netherlands	Import and export of tires	17,700	17,700	500,000	100.00	2,606	(3,645)	(3,645)	Subsidiary Note 3
Cheng Shin Rubber Ind. Co., Ltd.	MAXXIS RUBBER JAPAN CO., LTD.	Japan	Import and export of tires	13,820	13,820	5,000	100.00	11,302	299	299	Subsidiary Note 3
Cheng Shin Rubber Ind. Co., Ltd.	MAXXIS INTERNATIONAL MEXICO S. de R.L. de C.V.	Mexico	Import and export of tires	593	593	-	20.00	689	1,551	310	Note 3 \ Note 4

Information on investees

Year ended December 31, 2021

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

				Initial invest	ment amount	Shares held	as at December	31, 2020	Net profit (loss) of the investee for	Investment income(loss) recognised by the	
				Balance	Balance				the year ended	Company for the year	
			Main business	as at December	as at December		Ownership		December 31,	ended December 31,	
Investor	Investee	Location	activities	31, 2021	31, 2020	Number of shares	(%)	Book value	2021	2021 (Note 1)	Footnote
MAXXIS International Co., Ltd	MAXXIS International (HK) Ltd.	Hong Kong	Holding company	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 226,801,983	100.00 \$	34,619,064	\$ 1,763,430	\$ 1,763,430	Sub-subsidiary Note 3
CST Trading Ltd.	Cheng Shin International (HK) Ltd.	Hong Kong	Holding company	-	-	246,767,840	100.00	27,525,203	1,878,903	1,878,903	Sub-subsidiary Note 3
MAXXIS Trading Ltd.	MAXXIS Holdings (BVI) Co., Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	Holding company	7,669,780	7,669,780	237,811,720	100.00	9,596,955	1,443,846	1,443,846	Sub-subsidiary Note 3
MAXXIS Holdings (BVI) Co., Ltd.	MAXXIS International (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	Thailand	Production and sales of truck and automobile tires	5,724,372	5,724,372	65,000,000	100.00	7,017,499	626,259	608,729	Sub-subsidiary Note 3
MAXXIS Holdings (BVI) Co., Ltd.	Cheng Shin Rubber (Vietnam) IND Co. Ltd.	, Vietnam	Production and sales of various types of tires	1,945,408	1,945,408	62,000,000	100.00	2,576,774	817,745	808,113	Sub-subsidiary Note 3
CHENG SHIN RUBBER USA, INC.	MAXXIS INTERNATIONAL MEXICO S. de R.L. de C.V.	Mexico	Import and export of tires	2,214	2,278	-	80.00	2,756	1,551	1,241	Note 3 Note 4

Note 1: Including investment income (loss) used to offset against sidestream and upstream transactions.

Note 2: Joint ventures are accounted for under the equity method.

Note 3: The transactions were eliminated when preparing the consolidated financial statements.

Note 4: The Company comprehensive holds 100% of share ownership in the investee, of which 20% is directly held and 80% is indirectly held through CHENG SHIN RUBBER USA, INC.

Note 5: The Company continusly provides financial support the investee accounted for using the equity method, and transferred the credit balance fo long-term investments to 'other non-current liabilities.'

The transaction was eliminated when preparing the consolidated financial statements.

CHENG SHIN RUBBER IND. CO., LTD. Information on investments in Mainland China

Year ended December 31, 2021

Table 8

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

				Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China	Mainland China/	or the year ended	remittance from	Net income of investee as of	Ownership held by the Company	Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the year ended	Book value of investments in	Accumulated amount of investment income remitted back to Taiwan as of	
Investee in	Main business	Paid-in capital	Investment	as of January 1,	Remitted to	Remitted back	of December 31,	,	(direct or	December 31,	as of December		
Mainland China	activities	(Note 6)	method (Note 1)	2021	Mainland China	to Taiwan	2021	2021	indirect)	2021, (Note 2)	31, 2021	2021	Footnote
CHENG SHIN RUBBER (XIAMEN) IND., LTD.	 A. Cover and tubes of tires and cover and tubes of bicycle tires B. Reclaimed rubber, adhesive, tape and other rubber products C. Plastic machinery, molds and its accessory products 	\$ 4,844,000	2	\$ 910,834	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 910,834	\$ 987,372	100.00	\$ 991,973	\$ 24,258,973	\$ 19,447,406	(Note 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 7)
CHENG SHIN TIRE & RUBBER (CHINA) CO., LTD.	 A. Cover and tubes of tires and cover and tubes of bicycle tires B. Reclaimed rubber, adhesive, tape and other rubber products C. Plastic machinery, molds and its accessory products 	6,228,000	2	2,385,506	-	-	2,385,506	1,731,427	100.00	1,742,185	25,503,316	23,027,258	(Note 4 \ 7)
CHENG SHIN TOYO (KUNSHAN) MACHINERY CO., LTD.	Plastic machinery, molds and its accessory products	235,280	2	68,602	-	-	68,602	12,943	50.00	6,471	302,086	478,714	(Note 7)
CHENG SHIN TIRE & RUBBER (CHONGQING) CO., LTD.	 A. Cover and tubes of tires and cover and tubes of bicycle tires B. Reclaimed rubber, adhesive, tape and other rubber products C. Plastic machinery, molds and its accessory products 	2,768,000	2	-	-	-	-	432,944	100.00	427,518	5,783,064	1,480,799	(Note 4 • 7)
KUNSHAN MAXXIS	Retail of accessories for rubber	21,720	2	-	-	-	-	5,253	100.00	5,253	47,772	-	(Note 7)
TIRE CO., LTD TIANJIN TAFENG RUBBER IND CO., LTD.	tires Warehouse logistics and after- sales service centre	498,240	2	-	-	-	-	(50,206)	100.00	(50,206)	660,687	757,407	(Note 7)
CHENG SHIN PETREL TIRE (XIAMEN) CO., LTD.	A. Radial tire and other various tire productsB. Reclaimed rubber and other rubber productsC. Plastic machinery, molds and its accessory products	3,598,400	2	-	-	-	-	(574,897)	100.00	(574,897)	11,999,418	4,245,663	(Note 3 × 7)

CHENG SHIN RUBBER IND. CO., LTD. Information on investments in Mainland China

Year ended December 31, 2021

Table 8

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

				Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China		Amount remitted or the year ended 31, 2021	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as		Ownership held by the Company	Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the year ended	Book value of investments in Mainland China	Accumulated amount of investment income remitted back to Taiwan as of	
Investee in	Main business	Paid-in capital	Investment	as of January 1,	Remitted to	Remitted back	of December 31,	December 31,	(direct or		as of December	December 31,	
Mainland China	activities	(Note 6)	method (Note 1)	2021	Mainland China	to Taiwan	2021	2021	indirect)	2021, (Note 2)	31, 2021	2021	Footnote
XIAMEN CHENG SHIN ENTERPRISE CO., LTD.	 A. Radial tire and other various tire products B. Reclaimed rubber and other rubber products C. Plastic machinery, molds and its accessory products 	\$ 1,245,600	2	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 631,295	100.00	\$ 631,150	\$ 8,555,336	\$ 5,886,139	(Note 7)
CHENG SHIN (XIAMEN) INTL AUTOMOBILE CULTURE CENTER CO., LTD.	A. Research, development and testing of tires and automobiles accessory products and display of related productsB. Management of racing tracks	553,600	2	-	-	-	-	(96,856)	100.00	(96,856)	-	-	
CHIN CHOU CHENG SHIN ENTERPRISE CO., LTD.	Distribution of rubber and components of tires	152,040	2	-	-	-	-	(1,019)	95.00	(968)	97,887	-	(Note 7)
CHENG SHIN LOGISTIC (XIAMEN) CO., LTD.	International container transportation business	62,605	2	-	-	-	-	36,123	49.00	17,700	143,719	-	(Note 7)
CHENG SHIN RUBBER (ZHANGZHOU) IND CO., LTD.	 A. Tires and tubes B. Reclaimed rubber, adhesive, tape and other rubber products C. Plastic machinery, molds and its accessory products 	4,126,800	2	-	-	-	-	966,902	100.00	966,913	7,365,297	790,653	(Note 5 \ 7)
XIAMEN ESATE CO., LTD.	, Construction and trading of employees' housing	1,650,720	2	-	-	-	-	75,791	100.00	75,791	2,074,961	-	(Note 7)

Note 1: Investment methods are classified into the following three categories:

(1) Directly invest in a company in Mainland China.

(2) Through investing in an existing company in the third area, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.

(3) Others

Note 2: Including investment income (loss) used to offset against sidestream and upstream transactions.

Note 3: The Company and Cheng Shin Rubber (Xiamen) Ind., Ltd. directly and indirectly holds 60% and 40% of the share ownership in Cheng Shin Petrel Tire (Xiamen) Co., Ltd., respectively.

Note 4: The Company and Cheng Shin Tire & Rubber (China) Co., Ltd. directly and indirectly holds 30% and 70% of share ownership in Cheng Shin Tire & Rubber (Chongqing) Co., Ltd., respectively.

Note 5: Cheng Shin Rubber (Xiamen) Ind., Ltd. and MAXXIS International (HK) Ltd. directly and indirectly holds 75% and 25% of share ownership in Cheng Shin Rubber (Zhangzhou) Ind Co., Ltd, respectively.

Note 6: Paid-in capital was converted at the exchange rate of NTD 27.68: USD 1 and NTD 4.344: RMB 1 prevailing on December 31, 2021.

Note 7: Investment income (loss) was recognised based on the financial statements that are reviewed and attested by international accounting firm which has cooperative relationship with accounting firm in R.O.C.

Ceiling on investments in Mainland China

Year ended December 31, 2021

Table 8

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

		Investment amount approved by the Investment	
	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as	Commission of the Ministry of Economic Affairs	Ceiling on investments in Mainland China imposed by the
Company name	of December 31, 2021 (Note 1)	(MOEA) (Note 1)	Investment Commission of MOEA (Note 2)
Cheng Shin Rubber Ind. Co., Ltd.	\$ 3,401,872	\$ 18,625,872	\$ -

Note 1: Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of December 31, 2021 was USD\$122,900 thousand and the total investment amount approved by the Investment Commission, MOEA, was USD\$672,900 thousand.

Note 2: According to Regulations Governing the Permission of Investment or Technical Cooperation in Mainland Area', the Company acquired the operations headquarters certification issued by the Industrial Development Bureau, Ministry of Economic Affairs, R.O.C. and thus, the investments amount in Mainland China is unlimited.

Major shareholders information

December 31, 2021

	Shares	
Name of major shareholders	Number of shares held	Ownership (%)
Luo, Ming-Han	370,176,378	11.42
Luo Jye Memory Co Ltd.	324,430,630	10.00

Note 1: The major shareholders information was from the data that the Company issued common shares (including treasury shares) and preference shares in dematerialised form which were held by registered and the shareholders above 5% on the last operating date of each quarter and was calculated by Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation. The share capital which was recorded in the financial statements may differ from the actual number of shares issued in dematerialised form because of a differenent calculation basis.

Note 2: If the aforementioned data contains shares which were kept at the trust by the shareholders, the data disclosed was the settlor's separate account for the fund set by the trustee.

As for the shareholder who reports share equity as an insider whose shareholding ratio is greater than 10% in accordance with Securities and Exchange Act, the shareholding ratio

including the self-owned shares and trusted shares, at the same time, persons who have power to decide how to allocate the trust assets.

For the information of reported share equity of insider, please refer to Market Observation Post System.